



# Manual

■ English translation of German original



Important safety instructions

# **Legal provisions**

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## **KACO** warranty

The latest version of our warranty conditions is available for download at http://www.kaco-newenergy.com.

## **Definitions of product name**

In this Handbuch the product "Photovoltaik-Netzeinspeise-Wechselrichter "Designated as a unit for reading reasons.

## **Trademarks**

All brand and product names used in this document are trademarks or registered trademarks, A lack of identification does not mean that a product or designation/logo is free of trademarks.



# Photovoltaic feed-in inverter

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## 1 General information

## 1.1 About this document



## **MARNING**

## Improper handling of the device can be hazardous!

1. You must read and understand the operating instructions in order to install and use the device safely!

## Other applicable documents

During installation, observe all assembly and installation instructions for components and other parts of the system. These instructions also apply to the equipment, related components and other parts of the system.

Some of the documents which are required to register your system and have it approved are included with the operating instructions.

## Storing the documents

These instructions and other documents must be stored near the system and be available at all times.

- The current version of the operating Instructions can be downloaded from www.kaco-newenergy.com.

## **English translation of German original**

This document has been produced in several languages. The German-language version is the original version. All other language versions are translations of the original version.

This document is valid for the following types of device from firmware version V5.63 onwards

Type designation	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGS	[1001722; 1001751]
[KACO art. No.]	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGM	[1001336; 1001582; 1001613; 1001851]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD HUGM	[1001780]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGB	[1001450; 1001653; 1001730; 1001832; 1001840; 1001850]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGX	[1001430; 1001672; 1001852]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD FRGX	[1001555; 1001581]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD HUGX	[1001781]
Modules	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GB	[1001981]
[KACO art. No.]	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GM	[1001982]
	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GX	[1001983]
	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD FRGX	[1001990]

## 1.2 More information

Links to more detailed information can be found at www.kaco-newenergy.com

Document title	Document type
Technical data sheet	Product flyer
Remote access via web interface	Application note - operation
Grid and system protection	Application note
Powador-protect operating instructions	
Modbus protocol RS485 protocol reactive power control	Application note

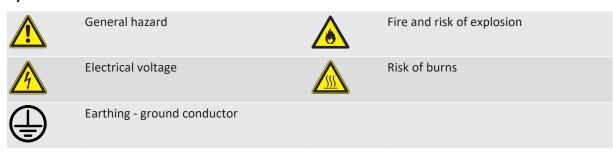
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Document title	Document type
SunSpec Information Model Reference SunSpec Information Model Reference KACO	Excel files for software version with application note "Modbus protocol" under https://kaco-newenergy.com/downloads/
Software package	Files for current software
EU Declaration of Conformity Country-specific certificates Certification for specific subassembly	Certificates

## 1.3 Layout of Instructions

## 1.3.1 Symbols used



## 1.3.2 Safety warnings symbols guide



## **⚠** DANGER

## High risk

Failure to observe this warning will lead directly to serious bodily injury or death.



## **MARNING**

## **Potential risk**

Failure to observe this warning may lead to serious bodily injury or death.



## **A** CAUTION

## Low-risk hazard

Failure to observe this warning will lead to minor or moderate bodily injury.

# **A** CAUTION

## Risk of damage to property

Failure to observe this warning will lead to property damage.

## 1.3.3 Additional information symbols



## **NOTE**

## **Useful information and notes**

Information that is important for a specific topic or objective, but that is not safety-relevant.

## 1.3.4 Symbols for instructions

- U Prerequisite for use
- 1. Carry out the next step



- 2. Additional action sequence
  - ⇒ Interim result of the action

## 1.4 Identification

You will find the name plate with the following data for service and other requirements specific to installation on the right side panel of the product:

- Product name
- Part no.
- Serial number
- Date of manufacture
- Technical data
- Disposal information
- Certification marking, CE marking.

# KACO Newplanet 80 o T13 M1 WM OD IIGX KACO Newplanet 80 o T13 M1 WM OD IIGX PRAT number 1001430 Serial number 1001430 Vimen PV 1 to PV (may) 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1100 X 100 X Vimen PV 1 to PV (may) 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1100 X 100 X Vimen PV 1 to PV (may) 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1 100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1 100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1 100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 1100 V 1 100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 100 X 100 X 100 X Visite and PV 1 ton PV 1 100 X 100

Fig. 1: Name plate

## 1.5 Warnings on the device

A warning sticker is affixed to the device. Read the warnings carefully.

Do not remove the sticker. If the sticker is missing or is illegible, please contact a KACO representative or distributor.

- Article number: 3009476



Fig. 2: Warning sticker

## 1.6 Target group

All activities described in the document may only be carried out by specially trained personnel with the following qualifications:

- Knowledge about how an inverter functions and operates
- Knowledge of the Modbus specifications
- Knowledge of the SunSpec Modbus specifications
- Training in the handling of hazards and risks during the installation and operation of electrical devices and systems.
- Education concerning the installation and start-up of electrical units and plants.
- Knowledge of applicable standards and directives.
- Knowledge and adherence to this document with all safety notices.

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## 2 Safety



## **⚠** DANGER

Lethal voltages are still present in the connections and cables of the device even after the device has been switched off and disconnected!

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched.

- ✓ Only appropriately qualified and authorised electricians are permitted to open and uninstall the device.
- ✓ Comply with all safety regulations and current technical connection specifications of the responsible power supply company.
- 1. Switch off the grid voltage by turning off the external circuit breakers.
- 2. XL unit version: Switch off DC supply via the DC disconnector. S, basic and M unit version: Switch off DC supply externally via the string combiner (not included in the scope of delivery) and via the DC disconnector switch.
- 3. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 4. Only open the fuse holder once you have established that there is no current in the DC cables.
- 5. Secure the device against reconnection.

The electrician is responsible for observing all existing standards and regulations. The following applies:

- Keep unauthorised persons away from the device and/or system.
- In particular, making sure that the locally applicable version of the standard <sup>1</sup> "Requirements for special installations or locations solar photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems" is observed.
- Ensure operational safety by providing proper grounding, conductor dimensioning and appropriate protection against short circuiting.
- Observe all safety instructions on the product and in these operating instructions.
- Switch off all voltage sources and secure them against being inadvertently switched back on before performing visual inspections and maintenance.
- When taking measurements on the live device:
  - Do not touch the electrical connections
  - Remove all jewellery from wrists and fingers
  - Ensure that the testing equipment is in safe operating condition.
- Modifications to the surroundings of the device must comply with the applicable national and local standards.
- When working on the PV generator, in addition to disconnecting this from the grid it is also necessary to switch off the DC voltage using the DC isolator switch on the device.
- S, M version: When working on the PV generator, in addition to disconnecting the grid, switch off the DC voltage with the external DC disconnector (e.g. on String-Combiner) or at the DC disconnector of the unit.

## 2.1 Proper use

The device is a transformerless PV inverter which converts the direct current of the PV generator into grid-compatible three-phase alternating current and then feeds the three-phase alternating current into the public power grid.

The device is built using state-of-the-art technology and in accordance with the recognized safety rules. Nevertheless, improper use may cause lethal hazards for the operator or third parties, or may result in damage to the product and other property.

Country	Standard
EU	Harmonised document - HD 60364-7-712 (European implementation of the IEC standard)
USA	PV section of NEC 690 and sections in article 100, 690.4, 690.6 and 705.10

Tab. 1: Examples of standards specific to business premises

The device is intended for indoor and outdoor applications and may only be used in countries for which it has been approved or for which it has been released by KACO new energy and the grid operator. <sup>2</sup>

Operate the device only with a permanent connection to the public power grid. The country and grid type selection must be commensurate with the respective location and grid type.

The requirements of the grid operator must be met for grid connection to take place. The permission of the relevant authorities may also be required in order to secure authorisation to connection to the grid.

The name plate must be permanently attached to the product and must be in legible condition.

Any other or additional use is not considered proper or intended use and can lead to an annulment of the product guarantee. This includes:

- Use of a distribution system that is not described (grid type)
- Use of sources other than PV-strings.
- Mobile use
- Use in rooms where there is a risk of explosion
- Use in direct sunlight, rain or a storm or other harsh environmental conditions
- Outdoor use in environmental conditions that exceed the limits stated in the technical specifications >Environmental data.
- Operation outside the specification intended by the manufacturer
- Overvoltage on the DC connection of over 1,100 V
- Device modification
- Standalone mode

## 2.2 Protection features

The following monitoring and protection functions are integrated in the device:

- RCMU (Residual Current Monitoring Unit)
- Overvoltage conductor / varistor to protect the power semiconductors from high-energy transients on the grid and generator sides.
- Device temperature monitoring system
- EMC filter to protect the inverter from high-frequency grid interference
- Grid-side varistors grounded to earth to protect the product against burst and surge pulses
- Anti-islanding detection according to the current standards.
- Isolation detection / residual current monitoring and disconnection function to detect isolation faults



#### **NOTE**

If the device is connected, the overvoltage conductors / varistors contained in the device have an impact on the electrical system insulation resistance test as per HD 60364-6 / IEC 60364-6 Low-voltage installations- Part 6: Verification.

IEC 60364-6 6.4.3.3 describes two options for this case. The first option is to disconnect devices with an overvoltage conductor or, if this is not practicable, then the test voltage can be reduced to 250V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> WARNING! The blueplanet 60.0 TL3 is not intended for use in residential areas and cannot ensure adequate protection of radio reception in such environments.



# 3 Description of the device

## 3.1 Mode of operation

The device converts the DC voltage generated by the PV-modules into AC voltage and feeds this into the power grid. The starting procedure begins when there is sufficient sunlight and a specific minimum voltage is present in the device. The feed-in process begins once the PV generator has passed the insulation test and the grid parameters are within the requirements imposed by the grid operator for a specific monitoring time. If, as it gets dark, the voltage drops below the minimum voltage value, feed-in mode ends and the device switches off.

## 3.2 Device diagram

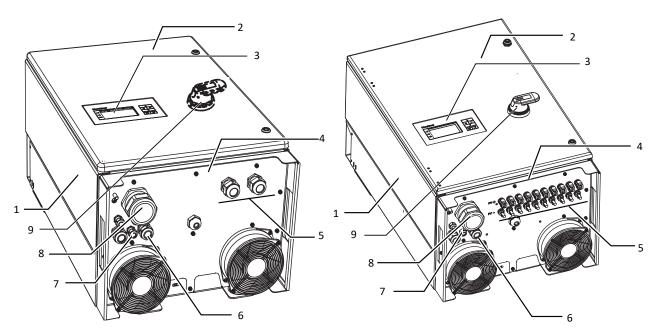


Fig. 3: Device diagram - S, M version

Fig. 4: Device diagram - XL version

Key			
1	Housing	6	Interfaces / cable feed-through
2	Housing door	7	Communication - USB port / cable feed-through
3	Status indicator with display and operator panel	8	AC connection / cable feed-through
4	Mount with fan	9	DC isolator switch (XL version only)
5	DC connection / cable feed-through v DC connection plug		

## 3.2.1 Mechancial Components

## DC isolator switch (not present in S version)

The DC isolator switch is located on the housing door. of the device. The DC isolator switch is used to disconnect the inverter from the PV generator in order to carry out service.

## Disconnecting the device from the PV generator

Switch the DC isolator switches from 1 (ON) to 0 (OFF).



## Connecting the device to the PV generator

Switch the DC isolator switches from 0 (OFF) to 1 (ON).

Fig. 5: DC isolator switch

## 3.2.2 Electrical functions

A potential-free relay contact is integrated into the device. Use this contact for one of the following functions:



## Potential-free relay

The potential-free relay contact closes as soon as there is a fault during operation. You use this function, for example, to signal a fault visually or acoustically.

#### **Priwatt**

The energy that is provided by the PV system can be put to use directly by the appliances that are connected in your home.

The potential-free contact can switch larger appliances (e.g. air conditioning units) on and off with the Priwatt function activated. This requires an external power supply and an external load relay.

When the function is active, either the remaining runtime (in hours and minutes) or the shutdown threshold (in kW) is displayed on the start screen depending on the operating mode selected. The "priwatt" function is not active in the unit's delivery state. The option can be configured in the Settings menu.

#### 3.2.3 Interfaces

You can configure the interfaces and the web server in the Settings menu. The device has the following interfaces for communication and remote monitoring.

## Ethernet interface

Monitoring can occur directly on the unit using the integrated Ethernet interface. A local web server is installed in the unit for this purpose. This can also be used to request measured values remotely.

For monitoring a system comprising several inverters, we recommend you use an external data logging and monitoring system.

## RS485 interface

Use this monitoring option if you cannot check the functioning of the system on-site on a regular basis, e.g. if your place of residence is located a great distance from the system. To connect the RS485 interface, contact your authorised electrician.

For monitoring your PV system using the RS485 interface, KACO new energy GmbH offers monitoring devices.

#### **USB** interface

The USB connection of the device is a type A socket. It is located on the communication circuit board. The USB connection is specified to draw 500 mA of current.

Use the USB interface to read out stored operating data, load software updates or device configurations using a FAT32-formatted USB stick (max. 4GB).

## "Inverter Off" Eingang / DRM0 for Australia

In addition to the safety functions, the internal interface switches can also be actuated via the "Inverter Off" input.

The Powador-protect or a protective device from another manufacturer can be used for this purpose.

If a Powador-protect is used as the central interface protection, the fail-safe disconnection of suitable KACO inverters from the public grid can be carried out by the internal interface switches instead of separate interface switches. This requires the inverters in the photovoltaic system to be connected to the Powador-protect.

Information on installation and use can be found in this manual, in the Powador protect manual and in the instructions for use of the Powador protect on the KACO web site.

On the "Inverter Off" input, instead of the Powador-protect an interface protection device from another supplier an also be connected to actuate the internal interface switches.

## **Digital** inputs

You can extend the unit with additional digital inputs by means of an extension module (available from KACO customer service). This can be used to connect a ripple control receiver or a protective shutdown system.



## 3.3 System layout

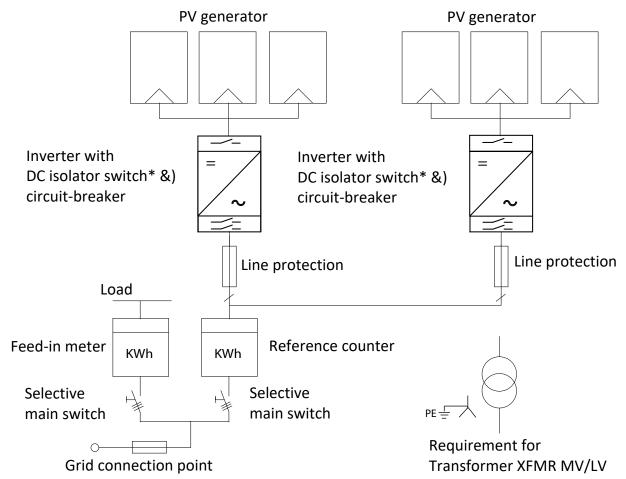


Fig. 6: Circuit diagram of a system with two inverters

Кеу	Definition / information on the connection
PV generator	The PV generator converts the radiant energy of sunlight into electrical energy.
Inverter with circuit-breaker	The PV generator is connected to the device's DC connection.
DC isolator switch <sup>3</sup>	Use the DC isolator switch to disconnect the device from the PV generator.
Line protection	The circuit breaker is an overcurrent protection device.
Feed-in meter	The feed-in meter is to be specified and installed by the power supply company. Some power supply companies also allow the installation of your own calibrated meters.
Selective main switch	The selective main switch is to be specified by the power supply company.
Reference counter	The reference counter is to be specified and installed by the power supply company. This measures the amount of energy drawn.
Transformer	All three phases need to be set up on the medium-voltage
NOTE: The earthing is carried out in the outgoing neutral point.(Dy5)	transformer or medium-voltage/high-voltage transformer. In this case, the total impedance of the transformer stations must be below 25%.
Grid connection point	The clean PV-current is made available at the grid connection point.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Device version S: An external DC isolator switch is required outside the devices.



## 4 Technical data

## 4.1 Electrical data

KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 - M	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 - XL - FR
DC Input levels			In	put levels (D	C)		
Maximum recommended PV generator power	100 kW						
MPPrange@Pnom		610 V [@240/415V]; 580 V [@230/400V]; 560 V [@220/380V]-900 V					
Working range	610 V [@240/415V]; 580 V [@230/400V]; 560 V [@220/380V]-1050 V						
Rated voltage				600 V			
Starting voltage				670 V			
Open circuit voltage				1,100 V			
Max. input current <sup>4</sup>				90 A			
Number of strings			1			10	
Number of MPP controls				1			
Max. short-circuit current (ISC max.)				190 A			
Input source feedback current	0 A						
Polarity safeguard	no						
DC overvoltage protection	no Type 1+2						
String fuse	no yes					yes	
DC+ fuse holder	no yes						
DC- fuse holder	no retrofitted						

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR				
DC Input levels	Input levels (DC)							
Maximum recommended PV generator power	100 kW							
MPPrange@Pnom	610 V [@240/415V]; 580 V [@230/400V]; 560 V [@220/380V]-900 V							
Working range	610 V [@240/415V]; 580 V [@230/400V]; 560 V [@220/380V]-1050 V							
Rated voltage	600 V							
Starting voltage	670 V							
Open circuit voltage	1,100 V							
Max. input current <sup>4</sup>	107 A							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The "Max. input current" is the maximal theoretical value for operation with full power when the feed-in power is low. The device is limited to the maximum AC power.

The "Max. short-circuit current (ISC<sub>max</sub>.)" defines together with open circuit voltage ( $U_{DCmax}$ ) the characteristic of the connected PV generator. This is the relevant value for string sizing and is the absolute maximal limit for inverter protection. The connected PV-Generator must be designed, that the max short circuit current is below or equal to the ISC<sub>max</sub> of the inverter under all foreseeable conditions and therefore complies with IEC 61730 Class A. In no condition the design may result in a greater short circuit current than ISC<sub>max</sub> of the inverter [See section 7.6.5) Page 30].





KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M		60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR		
Number of strings		1		1	2		
Number of MPP controls	1						
Max. short-circuit current (ISC max.)	190 A						
Input source feedback current	0 A						
Polarity safeguard	no						
DC overvoltage protection	no	no type 1/2					
String fuse	no			yes			
DC+ fuse holder no		10	yes				
DC- fuse holder	no			retrofitted			

KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 - M	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 - XL - FR
AC Output levels			Ou	itput levels (	AC)		
Nominal power	50.0	50.0 kVA [@220V]; 50.0 kVA [@230V]; 50.0 kVA [@240V]			49.9 kVA [@220V]; 50.0 kVA [@2 49.9 kVA [@230V]; 50.0 kVA [@2 49.9 kVA [@240V] 50.0 kVA [@2		
Rated voltage		240 / 415 V [3/N/PE]; 230 / 400 V [3/N/PE]; 220 / 380 V [3/N/PE]					
Voltage range: continuous operation				V - 276 V [Pl V - 480 V [Pl			
Rated current	3x 69.6 A [@415V]; 3x 72.2 A [@400V]; 3x 76.0 A [@380V]						
Max. continuous current	3 x 76.5 A						
Contribution to peak short-circuit current ip	136.11 A						
Initial short-circuit alternating cur- rent (Ik" first single period effect- ive value)				77.93 A			
Short circuit current continuous [ms] (max output fault current)				96.7 A			
Inrush current			1.21	L A [RMS (20	ms)]		
Rated frequency				50/60 Hz			
Frequency range				42 - 68 Hz			
Reactive power	0-100 % Snom						
cos phi	0.3 - 1 ind/cap						
Number of feed-in phases	3						
Distortion factor (THD)	< 1,6 %						
Max. voltage range (up to 100 s)	520V [Ph-Ph]						
AC overvoltage protection	no retrofitted Base						

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR				
AC Output levels	Output levels (AC)							
Nominal power	60.0 kVA [@220V]; 60.0 kVA [@230V]; 60.0 kVA [@240V]							
Rated voltage		230 / 400 \	V [3/N/PE]; V [3/N/PE]; V [3/N/PE]					

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR	
Voltage range: continuous operation	305 V - 480 V [Ph-Ph]				
Rated current		3x 86.7 A	[@400V]		
Max. continuous current		3 x 9	00 A		
Contribution to peak short-cir- cuit current ip		147	7 A		
Initial short-circuit alternating current (Ik" first single period effective value)	97.2 A				
Short circuit current continu- ous [ms] (max output fault cur- rent)	95.8 A				
Inrush current		5.66 A [RM	S (20 ms)]		
Rated frequency		50/6	0 Hz		
Frequency range		42 - 6	8 Hz		
Reactive power	0-100 % Snom				
cos phi	0.3 - 0.3 ind/cap				
Number of feed-in phases	3				
Distortion factor (THD)	< 1,6 %				
Max. voltage range (up to 100 s)	520V [Ph-Ph]				
AC overvoltage protection	no		Base		

## 4.2 General Data

KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 -	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 -
		M General el	ectrical data		XL - HU	ΛL	XL - FR
Max. efficiency		ocherar er	- Cottion data	98.5 %			
European efficiency				98.1 %			
Self consumption: Standby				2.5 W			
Feed-in from				120 W			
"Inverter Off" signal trip-off time				20 ms			
Transformer unit				no			
Protection class / over voltage category		I / III (AC) II (DC)					
Grid monitoring		Country-specific					
Distribution system		TN-C-Sys	stem, TN-C-S	-System, TN	-S-System, T	T-System	
KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 - M	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 - XL - FR
General Data	1						
Number of fans				2			
Interfaces	2 x Etherne	2 x Ethernet, USB, RS485, 4 optional digital inputs/outputs, error relay (30V potential free contact); 4-DI				OV potential	
Controls			4-way	button + 2 b	uttons		
Noise emission		61 db(A)					
Weight	70 kg 71 kg 73 kg						
HxWxD			760 mm	x 500 mm x	425 mm		
Housing material	Alu						
Menu languages		DE; E	N; FR; IT; ES;	; PL; NL; PT;	CZ; HU; SL; T	R; RO	





KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 - M	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 - XL - FR
Display		Graphical display 240 x 128 pixels + LEDs					
DC isolator switch	no	no yes					
Potential-free relay		yes					
AC isolator switch		no					
Communication		TCP/IP, Modbus TCP, Sunspec					
Cooling		temp. controlled fan					
Safety	EN 62109-1, EN 62109-2						
Interference immunity/interference emission/grid feedback	EN 61000-6-1 / EN61000-6-2, / EN 55011 - group 1 Class B / EN 61000-3-11, EN 61000-3-12						
Certifications		Overview: see homepage / download area					

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR
	Gene	ral electrical data		
Max. efficiency		98.5	%	
European efficiency		97.69	%	
Self consumption: Standby		2.5 V	V	
Feed-in from		120 V	V	
"Inverter Off" signal trip-off time		20 m	S	
Transformer unit		no		
Protection class / over voltage category		I / III (AC)	II (DC)	
Grid monitoring	Country-specific			
Distribution system	TN-C-	-System, TN-C-S-System,	TN-S-System, TT-S	System

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR				
General Data								
Number of fans		2						
Interfaces	2 x Ethernet, USB, R	2 x Ethernet, USB, RS485, 4 optional digital inputs/outputs, error relay (30V potential free contact); 4-DI						
Controls		4-way butto	n + 2 buttons					
Noise emission		61 d	lb(A)					
Weight		70 -	73 kg					
HxWxD		760 mm x 500 mm x 425 mm						
Housing material		Alu						
Menu languages	D	E; EN; FR; IT; ES; PL; N	L; PT; CZ; HU; SL; TR; R	0				
Display		Graphical display 240 x 128 pixels + LEDs						
DC isolator switch		yes						
Potential-free relay	yes							
AC isolator switch		n	0					
Communication		TCP/IP, Modbu	is TCP, Sunspec					
Cooling	temp. controlled fan							
Safety		EN 62109-1,	EN 62109-2					
Interference immunity/inter- ference emission/grid feed- back	EN 61000-6-1, EN 610000-6-2, EN 6290 Class A / EN 55011 - group 1 Class A, EN 61000-6-4 / EN 61000-3-11, EN 61000-3-12							



KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR
Certifications	Overview:			

## 4.3 Environmental data

KACO blueplanet	50.0 TL3 - S	50.0 TL3 - M	50.0 TL3 - BASIC	50.0 TL3 - M - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL - HU	50.0 TL3 - XL	50.0 TL3 - XL - FR
Installation height		3000m (derating from 2000m)					
Installation distance from coast	>2,000m			>2000 m OE	0+ >500 m*)		
Ambient temperature			-2	20 °C to +60 °	,C		
Ambient temperature (storage)			-2	20 °C to +60 °	C.		
Power derating from				+50 °C			
Protection rating (KACO installation location)		IP65					
Humidity range (non-condensing) [%]		100%					
Pollution level inside the enclosure				2			
Pollution level outside the enclosure		3					
ltem number	1001722; 1001751	1001450; 1001653; 1001730; 1001832; 1001840; 1001850	1001336; 1001582; 1001613; 1001851	1001780	1001781	1001430; 1001672; 1001852	1001555; 1001581
Name on nameplate	1			KACO blue- planet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD HUGM			KACO blue- planet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD FRGX

<sup>\*)</sup> For installation in aggressive environmental conditions (e.g. possibility of corrosion), you must contact the KACO Sales team (pv-projects@kaco-newenergy.de).

KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR		
Installation height		3000m (derating from 2000m)				
Installation distance from coast		>2000 m OD+ >500 m*)				
Ambient temperature		-20 °C to	+60 °C			
Ambient temperature (storage)	-20 °C to +60 °C					
Power derating from	40 °C					
Protection rating (KACO installation location)	IP65					
Humidity range (non-condensing) [%]	100%					
Pollution level inside the en- closure	2					
Pollution level outside the enclosure	3					
Item number	1001981	1001982	1001983	1001990		



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KACO blueplanet	60.0 TL3 - Basic	60.0 TL3 - M	60.0 TL3 - XL	60.0 TL3 - XL - FR
	KACO blueplanet	KACO blueplanet	KACO blueplanet	KACO blueplanet
Name on nameplate	60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD			
	GB	GM	GX	FRGX

# 4.4 Accessories

Accessories	KACO order no.			
String fuses (Fuse-PV 14x51MM 1100V 15A) (10pc)	3009902			
String fuses (Fuse-PV 14x51MM 1100V, 15A) (12pc)	3014824			
String fuses (Fuse-PV 14x51MM 1100V 20A)	3012698			
	3013905			
PID Accessory Kit (Warning label)	NOTE: Warning label is mandatory when using a PID solution (for PID regeneration).			
	Contact our sales team immediately via sales@kaco-newenergy.de. You will receive the warning sticker for each connected inverter free of charge.			



#### 5 Transportation and Delivery

Every product leaves our factory in perfect electrical and mechanical condition. Special packaging ensures that the devices are transported safely. The shipping company is responsible for any transport damage that occurs.

#### 5.1 Scope of delivery

- Inverter
- Mount
- Mounting kit + 1 insulating tube (for interface cables)
- 1 set of DC plug connectors (only for the XL device version)
- Manual [online] / operating instructions [multi-language]

## Check the equipment included

- 1. Inspect the device thoroughly.
- 2. Immediately notify the shipping company in case of the following:
  - Damage to the packaging that indicates that the device may have been damaged.
  - Obvious damage to the device.
- 3. Send a damage report to the shipping company immediately.
- 4. The damage report must be received by the shipping company in writing within six days following receipt of the device. We will be glad to help you if necessary.

#### 5.2 Transporting the device

## **⚠** CAUTION

## Hazard due to impact; risk of breakage to the device!

- 1. Pack the device securely for transport.
- 2. Transport the device using the intended carrying handles of the packaging box.
- 3. Do not expose the device to any shocks.

For safe transportation of the product, use the hand recesses in the carton.

Packaging	Folding cardboard box
Height x Width x Depth	818x591x537 mm
Total weight (XL variant)	81 kg
Variants Basic and M:	79 kg
S-Variants	78 kg



Fig. 7: Transporting the device

#### 5.3 **Installation tool**

The codes given in the table below are used in all usage instructions for assembly/installation/maintenance and disassembly for the tools and tightening torques being used.

Code (s)	Shape of the connector
<b>X</b> w	External hexagon
<b>X</b> A	Internal hexagon
<b>X</b> ⊤	Torx
<b>X</b> S	Slot

Tab. 2: Key and description of tool codes

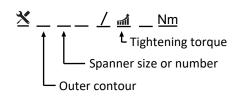


Fig. 8: Form pattern



# 6 Assembly and preparation

## 6.1 Choosing the installation location



## **⚠** DANGER

## Risk of fatal injury due to fire or explosions!

Fire caused by flammable or explosive materials in the vicinity of the device can lead to serious injuries.

1. Do not mount the inverter in potentially explosive atmospheres or in the vicinity of highly flammable materials.

## **⚠** CAUTION

Property damage due to gases that have an abrasive effect on surfaces when they come into contact with ambient humidity caused by weather conditions.

The device housing can be seriously damaged due to gases in combination with air humidity resulting from weather conditions (e.g. ammonia, sulphur).

- 1. If the device is exposed to gases, the installation must be carried out at observable locations.
- 2. Perform regular visual inspections.
- 3. Immediately remove any moisture from the housing.
- 4. Ensure adequate ventilation at the installation location.
- 5. Immediately remove dirt, especially on vents.
- 6. Failure to observe these warnings may lead to device damage which is not covered by the manufacturer warranty.



## **NOTE**

#### Access by maintenance personnel for service

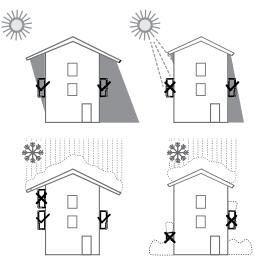
Any additional costs arising from unfavourable structural or installation conditions will be billed to the customer

## Installation space

- As dry as possible, climate-controlled, the waste heat must be dissipated away from the device.
- Unobstructed air circulation.
- Close to the ground, accessible from the front and sides without requiring additional resources.
- Protected on all sides against direct weather exposure and sunlight (thermal heating) in outdoor areas. Implementation where necessary via constructional measures, e.g. wind breaks.
- For easy operation during installation, ensure that the display is slightly below eye level.

## Installation surface

- Must have adequate load-bearing capacity
- Must be accessible for installation and maintenance
- Must be made out of heat-resistant material (up to 90 °C)
- Must be flame resistant
- Minimum clearances to be observed during installation: [See figure 14 [▶ Page 21]





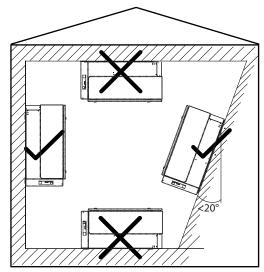


Fig. 10: Intended installation location

## 6.2 Unpacking the device



## **A** CAUTION

## Risk of injury caused by excessive physical strain

Lifting the device, for transport, relocation and assembly, can result in injuries (e.g. back injuries).

- 1. Only lift the device using the openings provided.
- 2. The device must be transported and installed by at least 2 persons.

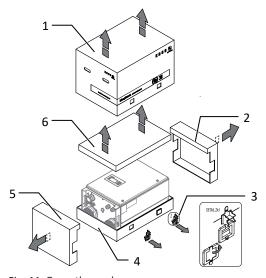


Fig. 11: Open the package

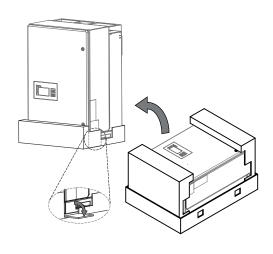


Fig. 12: Setting the device upright

Leg	end		
1	Cover	4	Base
2	Side section - upper	5	Side section - lower
3	Clamp (4x)	6	Cardboard packaging with mount and mounting kit

- $\circlearrowright$  The device is transported to the installation location.
- 1. Remove the plastic band from the pallet and packaging.
- 2. Pull the clamp off the packaging.
- 3. Pull the hood upwards to remove it and place the cardboard packaging to one side together with the mount and accessories.
- 4. Set the unit with base and side sections upright.



- 5. Remove the top side section and base from the device.
- ⇒ If the unit is in the correct installation position: Proceed with the installation of the mount.

## 6.3 Fastening the mount

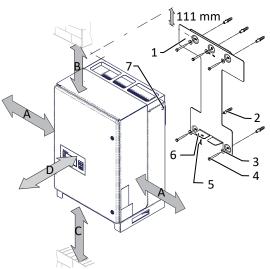


## **MARNING**

## Hazard when using unsuitable fixing materials!

If unsuitable fixing materials are used, the device could fall and persons in front of the device may be seriously injured.

- 1. Use only fixing materials that are suitable for the mounting base. The fastening materials supplied are only to be used for masonry and concrete.
- 2. Only install the device in an upright hanging position.



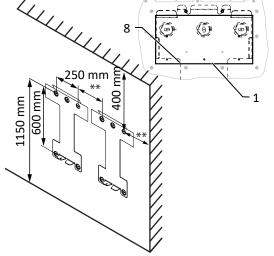


Fig. 13: Minimum clearances for wall mounting

Fig. 14: Wall mounting

Key			
1	Mount	5	Screw for securing purposes (1x)
2	Fixings for mounting [S12 – Ø 12mm/ 90mm]	6	Bracket to prevent device displacement
3	Lock washer	7	Marking as installation aid
4	Screws for mounting (5x) [SW 13 / [See section 6.3 Page 21]]	8	Seating recess
Α	Minimum clearance: 120 mm (without device370 mm ) recommended distance400 mm (without device 550 mm *)	С	Minimum clearance: 500 mm
В	Minimum clearance: 300 mm	D	Recommended clearance: 550 mm

- U Cardboard packaging with mount and mounting kit removed from the packaging and opened.
- 1. Mark the mounting position on the wall surface according to the position of the mount by drawing a line.
- 2. Mark the positions of the drill holes using the slot in the mount.
- . NOTE: The minimum clearances between two devices, or the device and the ceiling or floor have already been taken into account in the diagram.
- 3. Fix the mount to the wall using suitable mounting fixtures from the mounting kit.
- . NOTE: Make sure that the mount is oriented correctly.
- ⇒ Proceed with the installation of the device.



## 6.4 Installing and securing the device



## **A** CAUTION

## Risk of injury from improper lifting and transport.

If the device is lifted improperly, it can tilt and result in a fall.

- 1. Always lift the device vertically using the openings provided.
- 2. Use a climbing aid for the chosen installation height.
- 3. Wear protective gloves and safety shoes when lifting and lowering the device.
- 4. Do not attach the unit to the web of the upper side of the housing.

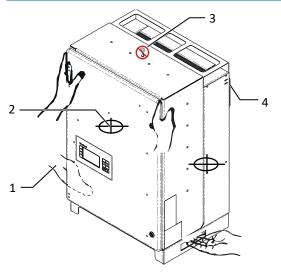


## NOTE

#### Power reduction due to heat accumulation!

If the recommended minimum clearances are not observed, the device may go into power regulation mode due to insufficient ventilation and the resulting heat build-up.

- 1. Observe minimum clearances and provide for sufficient heat dissipation.
- 2. All objects on the device housing must be removed during operation.
- 3. Ensure that no foreign bodies prevent heat dissipation following device installation.



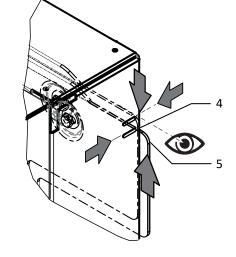


Fig. 15: Lift the device using the opening

Fig. 16: Insertion aid in mount

Key			
1	Opening	4	Marking for insertion into mount
2	Centre of gravity	5	Outer contour of the mount
3	Warning sign (attachment prohibited)		

## Lifting and installing the unit

- The mount has been installed.
- 1. Lift the device using the side recesses. Observe the device's centre of gravity!
- . NOTE: Do not lift the device by the lid or cover!
- 2. Suspend the device in the mount using the recess on the rear of the device. ( [See figure 14 [▶ Page 21]).
- . NOTE: Keep in mind that the lower marking on the housing must protrude over the upper outer contour of the mount. Ensure that the upper marking is flush with the upper edge of the outer contour when lowering the device. The outer contour of the mount must be flush with the outer contour of the housing.



- . NOTE: Alternatively: At this point, the screw described above can be replaced by a special screw as anti-theft protection.
- ⇒ Device is installed. Proceed with the electrical installation.

## **A** CAUTION

## Property damage as a result of condensation

During pre-assembly of the devices, moisture can penetrate into the interior via the DC plug connectors and the dust-protected threaded connections. The resulting condensate can cause damage to the device during installation and start-up.

- √ Keep the device closed during pre-assembly and do not open the connection area until you perform installation.
- 1. Seal off any plug-in connections and screw fittings using sealing covers.
- 2. Prior to installation, check the inner area for condensation and if necessary, allow it to dry sufficiently before installation.
- 3. Immediately remove any moisture from the housing.



## 7 Installation

## 7.1 General information

- NOTE: S version: The device is shut down externally at the string combiner.
- 1. Switch the DC isolator switch from 1 (ON) to 0 (OFF).
- 2. Press in the safety catch (1) from behind.
- 3. Attach the hanging lock (2) to the safety catch.
- DANGER! A measurement in a live state may be required for tests.
   Only appropriately qualified electricians authorised by the mains supply network operator are permitted to open and maintain the device.
- . DANGER! Observe all safety regulations against harmless contact with live materials.



Fig. 17: Lock DC circuit breakers to prevent reconnection.

## 7.2 Opening the device

- U Mount the device to the wall.
- U Wipe off any moisture on the housing door frame to nullify any potential liability this could cause.
- 1. Open the housing door by unlocking the upper and lower lock with the double-bit key provided.
- 2. Open the housing door carefully.
- ⇒ Proceed with the installation of the device.

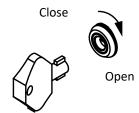


Fig. 18: Open the door lock

## 7.3 Surveying the connection area

The connection for the AC supply is located inside the housing. The DC input source is connected either inside or outside the housing depending on the device version (S, Basic, M or XL).

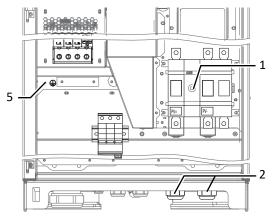


Fig. 19: Connection area: blueplanet 50.0 TL3 Basic + M

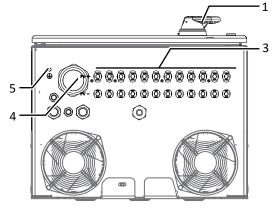


Fig. 20: Connection area: blueplanet 60.0 TL3 XL

		Key	
1	DC isolator switch (not present in S version)	4	Cable fitting for AC connection
2	Cable fitting for DC connection (M version)	5	Earthing bolt
3	Connector for DC connection (XL version)		



## 7.4 Making the electrical connection



# NOTE

Select conductor cross-section, safety type and safety value in accordance with the following basic conditions:

Country-specific installation standards; power rating of the device; cable length; type of cable installation; local temperature

## 7.4.1 Requirement for supply lines and fuse

DC-side	S variant	M variant	B variant	X variant	FR - X
Max. conductor cross-section	95 mm² (max. 120 mm²)	95 mm² (max. 120 mm²)	95 mm² (max. 120 mm²)	-	-
Min. cable cross- section	in accordance w	ith local installatio			
Length of insula- tion to be stripped off	Depending on th	e cable lug	15 mm		
Tightening torque	15-22 Nm			- Nm	- Nm
Recommended cable type	Solar cable				
Fuse size (electrical data)	-			1100V gPV max.	20A
Fuse size (mechanical data)	mm		14 x 51 mm		
Combiner box	External with DC	isolator switch pr	eferable	Integrated DC iso	olator switch
Cable diameter for cable fitting	15 - 21 (M32) mm			1.8 - 2.75 (2mm²	- 6mm²) mm
Fitting for DC connection	M32			SW15	
Torque for cable fitting	4 Nm			1.8 Nm	

AC-side	
Max. conductor cross-section	95 mm²
Max. cable cross-section (without wire sleeves)	95 mm² (AL or CU)
Min. cable cross-section	in accordance with local installation standards
Length of insulation to be stripped off	25 mm
Tightening torque	10 Nm
Connection type	Screw terminal
Ground conductor connection	M8
Fuse protection for installation provided by customer	min. 100 A / max.125 A
Fitting for AC connection	M63
Cable diameter for cable fitting	32 - 42 mm
Torque for cable fitting	20 Nm

Interfaces	
Cable diameter for cable fitting	11 - 17 (M25) 5 - 9.5 (M16) mm
RS485 connection type	Connector
RS485 terminal cable cross-section	0.25 - 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Ethernet connection type	RJ45

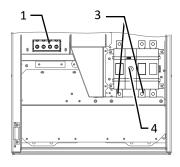
Interfaces	
Torque for cable fitting	4 (M25) 1.5 (M16) Nm
Overvoltage protection	Type [KACO article no.]
Overvoltage of DC plugs (integrated in XL version)	VAL-MS-T1/T2 1000DC-PV-ST - 2801162 [3010608] - SPD I + II
	VAL-MS 1000DC-PV-ST – 2800624 [ ] - SPD II
Overvoltage protection for AC plug (option)	7P.10.8.275.0012 [3010610] – SPD I + II
	7.P.20.8.275.0020 [ ] — SPD II
Overvoltage protection for AC plug + base for a 5-core connection (option)	F-MS-T1/T2 50 ST – 2800191 – SPD I + II (Phoenix Contact) [3013681]
	F-MS 12 – 2817987 – SPD II - (Phoenix Contact) [3013682]

#### 7.5 Connecting the device to the power grid

#### 7.5.1 Prepare the grid connection

## TN-S-System, TN-C-S-System, TT-System

- $\ensuremath{\,^{\smile}}$  A connection cable with 5 wires is provided on the device.
- ${}^{\circlearrowright}$  Nominal grid voltage matches the VAC nom name plate details.
- 1. Unfasten the cable fitting for the AC connection [XW 68].
- 2. Remove the outer cladding of the AC cables.
- 3. Push an M8 cable lug onto the PE line.
- 4. Remove the cover of the AC filter using the 4 screws[XT 15].
- 5. Unscrew the screws on the contact bridge and remove the contact bridge[X
- 6. Insert the AC cables through the cable fitting into the connection area.
- 7. Strip the AC lines [approx. 25 mm].
- ⇒ Make the grid connection.



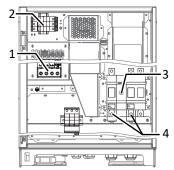


Fig. 22: Connection terminals - basic version Fig. 23: Connection terminals - M version

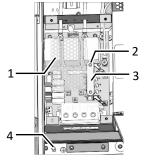


Fig. 21: 5-core connection

- 1 Cover
- 2 Screws for contact bridge
- 3 Contact bridge
- 4 Earthing bolt

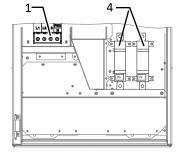


Fig. 24: Connection terminals S version

Key			
1	AC connection terminal	4	DC connection with protection against contact
2	Base AC overvoltage protection	5	Base DC overvoltage protection
3	DC isolator switch		

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## TN-C system

- Connection cable with 4 wires is provided on the device.
- U Nominal grid voltage matches the VAC nom name plate details.
- 1. Unfasten the cable fitting for the AC connection [XW\_68].
- 2. Remove the outer cladding of the AC cables.
- 3. Insert the AC cables through the cable fitting into the connection area.
- 4. Strip the AC lines [approx. 25mm].
- ⇒ Make the grid connection.

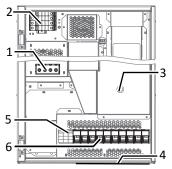


Fig. 26: blueplanet 50.0TL3 XL version

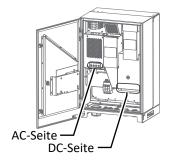


Fig. 25: Terminals

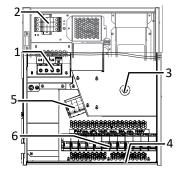


Fig. 27: Connection area: blueplanet 60.0 TL3 XL

Key			
1	AC connection terminal	4	DC connection
2	Base AC overvoltage protection	5	DC overvoltage conductor (SPD), type 1+2
3	DC isolator switch	6	DC fuse holder

## 7.5.2 Make the grid connection

## 5 core connection for TN-S system, TN-C-S system, TT-System

- ℧ Grid connection is prepared.
- 1. Loosen nut and lock washer at the marked grounding point.
- 2. Lay the grounding cable onto the grounding point. Secure using the corresponding nut and lock washer [★ W\_13/ml 10 Nm].
- 3. Connect wires in accordance with the labels on the screw terminal [★T\_45 / 📶 10 Nm].
- 4. Check secure fit of all connected cables.
- 5. Tighten the cable fittings [XW 68 / ald 20 Nm].
- 6. Secure cover using the 4 screws [★ T15 / 🛋 2.3 Nm].
- ⇒ The device is connected to the power grid.
- ⇒ NOTE: If there is a 5-core connection, an inserted contact bridge may trigger any RCD that is present. The instructions given above must therefore be carefully followed.

## 4-core connection, TN-C system

- ☼ Grid connection is prepared.
- 1. Connect lines in accordance with the labels on the name plate on the screw terminal [XT 45/ml 10 Nm].
- 2. Check secure fit of all connected cables.
- 3. Tighten the cable fittings [★W\_68 / 📶 20 Nm].
- ⇒ The device is connected to the power grid.



Fig. 28: 4-pole connection



## NOTE

An AC-side disconnection unit must be provided during the final installation stage. This disconnector mechanism must be installed so that it can be accessed at any time without obstruction.



## NOTE

If an external residual current circuit breaker is necessary due to the installation specification, a type A residual current circuit breaker must be used.

If the type A is used, the insulation threshold must be set to greater than/equal to (≥) 200 kOhm in the "Parameters" menu [see [See section 9.4.1 Page 41]].

For questions regarding the appropriate type, please contact the installer or our KACO new energy customer service.



## **NOTE**

When the line resistance is high, i.e. long cables on the grid side, the voltage at the grid terminals of the device will increase in feed-in mode. If the voltage exceeds the country-specific grid overvoltage limit value, the device switches off.

1. Ensure that the cable cross-sections are sufficiently large or that the cable lengths are sufficiently short.

## 7.6 Connect PV generator to device

## 7.6.1 Use of a float controller against PID effect



## **⚠** DANGER

## Risk of fatal injury due to electric shock!

S-/M-/B-Version: Severe injury or death will result if the live connections are touched. When the PID box is connected, dangerous voltage is present at the connected cable ends even during twilight and at night.

- 1. Only ever hold the PID box cables by the insulation. Do not touch the exposed ends of the cables.
- 2. Avoid short circuits.

## Attaching the warning sticker (for PID regeneration)

o raise the PV generator to a high potential compared to the earth potential, we recommend using a float controller to prevent the PID effect.

Since the float controller is also supplied with high voltage at dusk and night, the following must be observed:



Fig. 29: Warning label PID Regeneration

- 1. When using a float controller, contact our sales team via Sales@kaco-newenergy.de to obtain the warning sticker 3013905.
- 2. Attach the warning sticker clearly visible next to the type plate on the housing of the unit.

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## 7.6.2 Checking the PV generator for a ground fault



## **⚠** DANGER

## Risk of fatal injury due to electric shock!

Severe injury or death will result if the live connections are touched. When there is sunlight present on the PV generator, there is DC voltage on the open ends of the DC cables.

- 1. Only touch the PV generator cables on the insulation. Do not touch the exposed ends of the cables.
- 2. Avoid short circuits.
- 3. Do not connect any strings with a ground fault to the device.



## NOTE

The threshold value from which the insulation monitor reports an error can be set in the "Parameters" menu.

## Ensure that there is no ground fault

- 1. Measure the DC voltage between the protective earth (PE) and the positive cable of the PV generator.
- 2. Measure the DC voltage between the protective earth (PE) and the negative cable of the PV generator.
  - ⇒ If stable voltages can be measured, there is a ground fault in the DC generator or its wiring. The ratio between the measured voltages gives an indication as to the location of this fault.
- 3. Rectify any faults before taking further measurements.
- 4. Measure the electrical resistance between the protective earth (PE) and the positive cable of the PV generator.
- 5. Measure the electrical resistance between the protective earth (PE) and the negative cable of the PV generator.
  - ⇒ In addition, ensure that the PV generator has a total insulation resistance of more than 2.0 MOhm, since the device will not feed in if the insulation resistance is too low.
- 6. Rectify any faults before connecting the DC generator.

## 7.6.3 Inserting the DC string fuse

# **A** CAUTION

#### Damage to PV generator in case of faulty design of string fuses!

If the string fuses are too large, the PV generator can be damaged by excessive current.

1. Select suitable string fuses depending on possible short-circuit currents and the cable cross-sections used. Refer to this when using the string fuses.

Model	Recommended fuses	Quantity
KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGX	PV- Fuse 14 x 51 mm1100V gPV max. 20A	10

- Suitable string fuse has been selected.
- NOTE: DC fuses can be ordered from our customer service team. Use PV fuses only.
- 1. Open the individual DC fuse holders one after another.
- 2. Insert DC fuse of the same type into the fuse holder.
- 3. Ensure the DC fuse holder is completely closed after fitting.
- ⇒ Fuse holders are fitted with fuses. Proceed with testing the earth leakage.

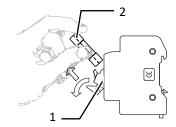


Fig. 30: Insert DC fuse

- 1 Fuse holder
- 2 DC fuse



#### 7.6.4 Configuring the DC plug connector

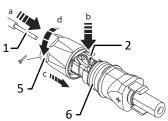
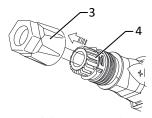


Fig. 31: Insert wires



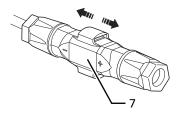


Fig. 32: Slide insert into sleeve

Fig. 33: Check fastening

Key			
1	Wire for DC connection	5	Cable fitting
2	Spring	6	Contact plug
3	Insert	7	Coupling
4	Sleeve		

○ Connection area opened.

U NOTE: Before proceeding with the isolation ensure that you do not cut any individual wires.

1. Insert isolated wires with twisted ends carefully up to the connection.

. NOTE: Wire ends must be visible in the spring.

- 2. Close the spring so that the spring latches.
- 3. Slide insert into sleeve.
- 4. Secure and tighten the cover on the cable fitting [★W\_15/ iii 1.8 Nm]
- 5. Join insert with contact plug.
- 6. Check latch by lightly pulling on the coupling.
- ⇒ Make the electrical connections.



## **NOTE**

The permissible bending radius of at least 4x the cable diameter should be observed during installation. Excessive bending force may negatively impact the protection rating.

- 1. All mechanical loads must be absorbed in front of the plug connection.
- 2. Rigid adaptations are not permitted on DC plug connectors.

#### 7.6.5 Designing the PV generator

## **A** CAUTION

#### Damage to components due to faulty configuration

In the expected temperature range of the PV generator, the values for the no-load-voltage and the short circuit current must never exceed the values for  $U_{\text{dcmax}}$  and  $I_{\text{scmax}}$  in accordance with the technical data.

1. Observe limit values in accordance with the technical data.



## **NOTE**

#### **Dimensionierung des PV-Generators**

The device is designed with a reserve of DC short-circuit current resistance. This enables an overdimensioning of the connected PV generator The absolute limit for the PV generator is the value of the maximal short circuit current (ISC<sub>max</sub>.) and the maximal open circuit voltage (U<sub>DCmax</sub>). See Footnote under [See section 4.1) Page 12]

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# 7.6.6 Connecting the PV generator



## **▲** DANGER

# Risk of fatal injury due to electric shock!

Severe injury or death will result if the live connections are touched. When there is sunlight present on the PV generator, there is DC voltage on the open ends of the DC cables.

- 1. Only touch the PV generator cables on the insulation. Do not touch the exposed ends of the cables.
- 2. Avoid short circuits.
- 3. Do not connect any strings with a ground fault to the device.

## **A** CAUTION

## Damage to the PV generator in case of faulty configuration of the DC connector.

A faulty configuration of the DC connector (polarity +/-) causes equipment damage in the DC connection if it is connected permanently.

- 1. Please check polarity (+/-) of the DC connector before connecting the DC generator.
- 2. Before using the solar modules, check the vendor's calculated voltage values against those actually measured. The DC voltage of the PV system must not exceed the maximum no-load voltage at any time.



## **NOTE**

## Type and configuration of the PV modules

Connected PV modules must be dimensioned for the DC system voltage in accordance with IEC 61730 Class A but at least for the value of the AC grid voltage

## Connecting the DC cable (S, Basic + M version)

- U PV generator is dimensioned according to the performance characteristics of the unit.
- 1. Loosen the cable fittings [XW 36 (M32)].
- 2. Remove the outer cladding of the DC cables and insert them through the cable fitting [ $\varnothing$  15 21 (M32) mm ].
- 3. Strip the insulation from the DC cables.
- 4. Fit DC lines with an ring cable lug [max. width b 20 mm].
- 5. Remove the protection against contact from the PV+ and PV- terminal.
- 6. Screw the cable ends of the PV generator onto the DC connection according to the polarity of the battery [★T\_TX35 / ✍15-22 Nm ].
- 7. Check secure fit of all connected cables.
- 8. Remove the protection against contact from the PV+ and PV- terminal.
- 9. Tighten the cable fittings [XW\_36 / 

  4 Nm].
- ⇒ The device is connected to the PV generator.

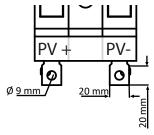


Fig. 34: Connection to Basic + M version

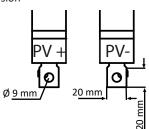


Fig. 35: Connection to S version

## Connecting the DC cable (XL variant)

- O PV generator is dimensioned according to the performance characteristics of the unit.
- 1. Remove protective cap from the DC connection plugs required.
- . NOTE: For each plug connector pair, the power output can be connected in relation to the string fuse size used.
- 2. Connect the PV generator to the DC plug connectors on the underside of the unit according to the polarity of the PV generator.
- . NOTE: Meet the requirements of protection class IP65 by closing the unused plug connectors with protective caps.
- ⇒ The device is connected to the PV generator.

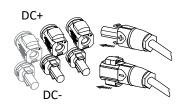


Fig. 36: Connection to XL version

## 7.7 Inserting the overvoltage protection



## **NOTE**

The M and XL versions of the unit series blueplanet 50.0 TL3 allow you to upgrade the AC and DC lightning and overvoltage protection in a straightforward and cost-efficient manner.

In this respect, please refer to the documentation "blueplanet 50.0-60.0 TL3 Application note – Installing a surge protection device" on our website.

## 7.8 Creating equipotential bonding



## NOTE

Depending on the local installation specifications, it may be necessary to earth the device with a second ground connection. To this end, the threaded bolt on the underside of the device can be used.

- <sup>⋄</sup> The device has been installed on the mount.
- 1. Strip the insulation from the equipotential bonding cable.
- 2. Furnish the stripped cable with an M8 ring cable lug.
- 3. Lay the cable for equipotential bonding onto the grounding point and attach with an additional M8 nut and lock washer [★W\_17/ 📶 10 Nm].
- 4. Check that the connected cable is fitted securely.
- ⇒ The housing is included in the equipotential bonding.

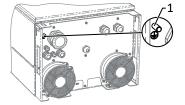


Fig. 37: Additional grounding point

1 Earthing bolt

## 7.9 Connecting the interfaces

#### 7.9.1 Overview



## **A** DANGER

## Risk of fatal injury due to electric shock!

Severe injury or death may result from improper use of the interface connections and failure to observe protection class III.

1. The SELV circuits (SELV: safety extra low voltage) can only be connected to other SELV circuits with protection class III.

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## **A** CAUTION

## Damage to the device from electrostatic discharge

Components inside the device can be damaged beyond repair by static discharge.

- 1. Observe the ESD protective measures.
- 2. Earth yourself before touching a component by touching a grounded object.



## **NOTE**

Due to the installation position of the communication circuit board, this must be specially safeguarded against moisture and exposure to dust.

1. Make sure that no moisture or dust impacts on the circuit board during installation. Moisture and dust particles must be removed immediately. In doing so, disassembly of the circuit board may be necessary.

All interfaces are located on the communication circuit board on the inside of the housing door.

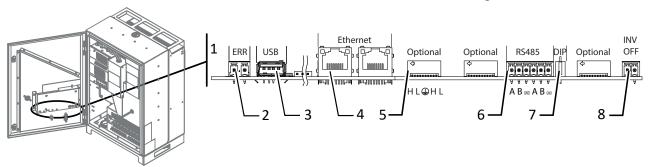


Fig. 38: Communication circuit board: Connection and assignment of the interfaces

1 Communication circuit board

- 5 RS485 Connection for data loggers
- 2 ERR Connection for fault signal relay
- 6 DIP switch Activate terminator

3 USB - Connection for update

- 7 INV OFF Connection for remote controls
- 4 Ethernet Connection for communication

## 7.9.2 Insert and lay the cables

- 1. Observe the instructions on the recommended cable for the interface used.
- 2. Open the housing door.
- 3. Unfasten the cover on the cable fitting [XW 20].
- 4. Feed the signal cable into the connection area.
- ⇒ Signal cable inserted.

#### Inserting the Ethernet cable

- 1. Unfasten and remove the cover on the cable fitting [XW\_29].
- 2. Remove the sealing insert.
- Pass the connection cable through the cover of the cable fitting and the sealing insert.
- 4. Insert the sealing insert into the cable fitting.
- 5. Feed the connection cables into the connection area.
- ⇒ Ethernet cable inserted.



Fig. 39: Inserting the Ethernet cable

- 1 Cable fitting for feeding in the Ethernet cable
- 2 Cable fitting for feeding in the signal cable

## Laying the interface cables

- 1. Lay the signal cables as per the illustration above.
- 2. Fix the encased signal cable to the threaded stud bolts.
- 3. Lay all the interface cables so that they are not under tension and the housing door has a full range of motion.
- ⇒ Proceed with the shielding of the cables.

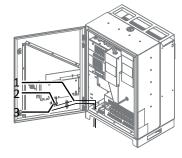


Fig. 40: Lay the cables for interfaces

- 1 Signal cable
- 2 Threaded stud bolts
- 3 Cable ties

## Shielding the Ethernet and RS485 cable

- 1. Open and close the door completely to check that the cables (1) are not subject to tensile or compressive forces.
- 2. Mark the position for connecting the shield on the clamping ring (2) of the EMC screw fitting.
- 3. Pull out the cables and strip them down to the mesh wire to the marked position (approx. 10 mm).
- 4. Pull the cables back to the shielding point until full shielding is provided by the clamping ring and the connecting cable cannot be displaced. [See figure 41 [ Page 34]

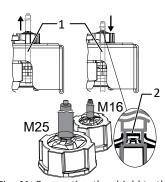


Fig. 41: Connecting the shield to the EMC screw fitting

#### 7.9.3 **Ethernet connection**



## NOTE

The connection plug of an RJ45 cable is larger than the opening of an M25 cable fitting when it is installed. For this reason, remove the sealing insert before installation and thread the Ethernet cable outside of the cable fitting through the sealing insert.



## **NOTE**

Use a suitable category 5 network cable. The maximum length of a network segment is 100 m. Ensure that the cable is correctly assigned. The Ethernet connection of the device supports auto-sensing. You can use both crossed and 1:1 protectively-wired Ethernet connection cables.

- Connecting cable inside the device.
- 1. Plug in an Ethernet cable at one of the two Ethernet ports on the communication circuit board.
- 2. Lay the Ethernet cable correctly in the lower AC supply area and loosely fasten it using the cable ties provided.
- 3. Tighten the cable fittings [XW 29 / 📶 4 Nm].

## Connecting the device to the network

- Connect the Ethernet cable to the device.
- 1. Connect the Ethernet cable to the network or a computer.
- 2. Configure the Ethernet settings and the web server in the Settings menu.

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## 7.9.4 Connecting the RS485 Bus



## NOTE

Ensure that the DATA+ and DATA- wires are properly connected. Communication is not possible if the wires are reversed! Different manufacturers do not always interpret the standard on which the RS485 protocol is based in the same way. Note that the wire designations (DATA- and DATA+) for wires A and B may vary from one manufacturer to another.

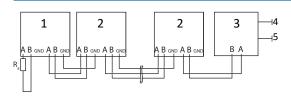


Fig. 42: RS485 interface wiring diagram

1 Inverter, terminal unit2 Inverter5 Power supply

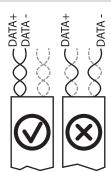
3 Data monitoring unit

Properties of the RS485 data line		
Maximum length of the RS485 bus line	Max. 1200 m	
	This length can be reached only under optimum conditions. Cable lengths exceeding 500 m generally require a repeater or a hub.	
Maximum number of connected bus devices	99 devices + 1 data monitoring unit	
Data line	Twisted, shielded.	
Recommendation	Li2YCYv (twisted pair) black for laying cable outside and in the ground, 2 x 2 x $0.5~\text{mm}^2$	
	Li2YCY (twisted pair) grey for dry and damp indoor spaces, 2 x 2 x 0.5 $\mathrm{mm^2}$	

- U To prevent interference during data transmission:
  - Observe the wire pairing when connecting DATA+ and DATA-. Do not lay RS485 bus lines in the vicinity of live DC/AC cables.
- 1. Loosen the cable fitting [XW\_20]
- 2. Thread the connection cables through the cable fitting.
- 3. Open and close the door completely to check that the connection cable is not subject to tensile or compressive forces.
- 4. Connect the connection cable to the corresponding connection terminals.
- 5. The following must be connected to all inverters and to the data monitor unit in *Fig. 43:* Assignment of twisted-pair the same way: wires
  - Wire A (-) to wire A (-) and wire B (+) to wire B (+)
  - GND to GND
- 6. Secure cable ties.
- 7. Tighten the cable fittings [ $\times$ W\_20 /  $\stackrel{...}{ extit{d}}$  1.5 Nm]
- U Check whether one of the devices represents the terminal unit.
- Tonly activate the terminating resistor on the communication circuit board of the terminal unit using the DIP switch.
- ⇒ RS485 connection made. Lay signal cable correctly.

## 7.9.5 Connecting external grid protection components

The contact is designed as an N/O contact and is labelled "ERR" or "Relay" on the circuit board. []



The contact is designed as an N/O contact and is labelled



Maximum contact load			

DC 30 V / 1 A AC 250 V / 1 A

U Housing door opened.

- 1. Loosen the cable fitting to pass the signal cable through [XW\_20]
- 2. Thread the connection cables through the cable fitting.
- 3. Attach the connection cables to the terminals. [See section 7.9.1 Page 32]
- 4. Tighten the cable fitting [★W 20 / 📶 1,5 Nm]

## 7.9.6 Inverter Off connection



## NOTE

The digital input of the device is intended for connection of a Powador-protect. When using devices from other manufacturers or in combination with KACO inverters, interface switches as a minimum must be used for shutting down devices from other manufacturers.

- Only suitable KACO inverters can be used.
- U Housing doors open.
- 1. Undo the cable fittings [XW 20]
- 2. Pass the connecting cable through the cable fittings.
- 3. Connect wire A (+) to the terminal marked "EVU+" on the first device via the "DO1" terminal of the Powador-protect.
- 4. Connect wire B (-) to the terminal marked "EVU-" on the first device via the "GND" terminal of the Powador-protect.
- 5. Connect the other devices to one another as follows:
  - wire A (+) to wire A (+) and wire B (-) to wire B (-).
- 6. Tighten the cable fitting [XW\_20 / all 1.5 Nm]
- 7. After commissioning: Activate the support for Powador protect in the parameter menu under the "Powador-protect" menu option.

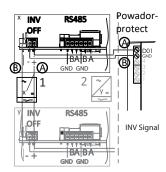


Fig. 44: Connect the device to Powador-protect

## 7.10 Sealing the connection area

- 1. The requirements of protection class IP65 are met by closing the unused cable fittings with blind caps.
- 2. Close the housing door and lock it with a control cabinet key.
- ⇒ The device has been mounted and installed.

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O New energy

# 8 Commissioning

## 8.1 Requirements



## **A** DANGER

Lethal voltages are still present in the connections and cables of the device even after the device has been switched off and disconnected!

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched.

- 1. The device is only permitted to be commissioned by a qualified professional.
- 2. Unauthorised persons must be kept away from the device.
- The device has been mounted and electrically installed.
- The PV generator supplies a voltage above the configured start voltage.
- 1. Connect the grid voltage using the external circuit breakers.
- 2. Connect the PV generator using the DC isolator switch (0 > 1)
- ⇒ The device begins operation.
- ⇒ During initial start-up: Follow the instructions of the New Connection Wizard.

## 8.2 Preconditions relating to standards

## Attachment of safety label in accordance with UTE C15-712-1

The code of practice UTE C15-712-1 requires that, upon connection to the French low-voltage distribution network, a safety sticker showing a warning to isolate both power sources when working on the device must be attached to each device.

Attach the provided safety sticker to the outside of the device housing where it is clearly visible.



Fig. 45: Safety label UTE C15-712-1



# 9 Configuration and operation

## 9.1 Initial start-up

When started for the first time, the device displays the configuration assistant. It takes you through the settings necessary for the initial start-up.



#### **NOTE**

After configuration is completed, the configuration assistant does not appear again when the device is restarted. You can then change the country setting only in the password-protected parameter menu. The other settings can still be changed in the Settings menu.

- 1. In order to select a setting, press the Up and Down buttons.
- 2. To select the next menu option, press the Enter button.
- 3. To return to the most recently selected menu option, press the ESC button.
- 4. Set the required settings.
- 5. In the last menu option, press the Enter button.

## **Configuration assistant**

- 1. Select the menu language.
- 2. Select the country of operation with grid type.
- 3. Set the date and time.
- 4. To store the set operator country and grid type permanently, confirm with "Yes".
- ⇒ You have completed the initial configuration. The device begins operation.

## 9.2 Signal elements

The 3 LEDs on the device control panel show the different operating states. The LEDs can display the following states:

LED illuminated		LED flashing	LED not illuminated
Operating status	LED Icon	Display	Description
Start	• 0		The green "Operation" LED is on when the AC voltage is present, independent of the DC voltage.
Feed-in start	(h)	Power fed into the grid or	The green "Operating" LED is lit.
		measured values	The green "Feed-in" LED is lit after the country-specific waiting period*.
	$\sim H$		Ready for grid operation.
			The interface switch engages audibly.
Feed-in operation		Power fed into the grid or measured values	The green "Operating" LED is lit.
			The green "Feed-in" LED is lit.
	A		The "Feed-in" icon appears on the LD display.
			The device feeds into the grid.
Feed-in mode with re-	(I)	Power fed into the grid	The green "Operating" LED is lit.
duced power	*	or measured values	The green LED "Feed" is flashing because one of the modes: internal power reduction, external power reduction, idle power request or standalone mode is active.



Operating status	LED	Icon	Display	Description
				The device feeds into the grid.
				The interface switch engages audibly.
Non-grid feed mode		<b>७</b>	Status message	The display shows the corresponding message.
Error			Fault message	The display shows the corresponding error message.
				The red "Fault" LED is lit.

## 9.3 User interface

After being switched on and after initial commissioning is complete, the device displays the start screen (the desktop). If you are in the menu and do not touch any control buttons for 2 minutes, the device returns to the start screen.

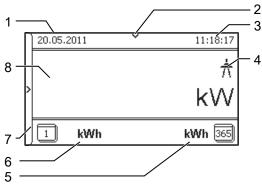


Fig. 46: Desktop

1 Current date	5 Annual yield
2 Status bar	6 Daily yield
3 Current time	7 Menu indicator
4 Feed-in indicator	8 Current power

#### **Graphical display**

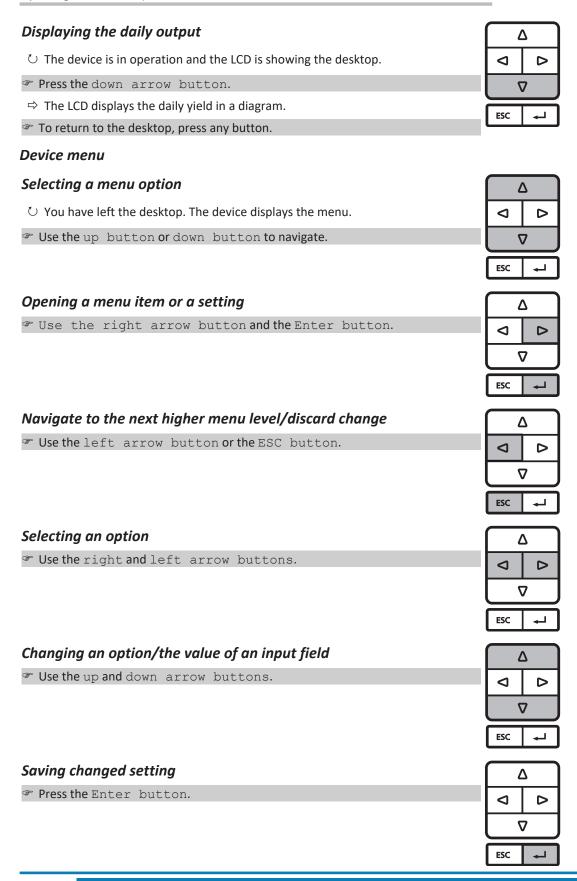
The graphical display shows measured values and data and allows the configuration of the device using a graphical menu. In normal operation, the backlighting is switched off. As soon as you press one of the control buttons, the backlighting is activated. If no button is pressed for an adjustable period of time, the backlighting switches off again. You can also activate or disable the backlighting permanently.

The device has a backlit LCD display as well as three status LEDs. The device is operated using 6 buttons.

#### **Control buttons**

The device is operated using the 4-way button and the Enter and ESC buttons.

# Opening the menu ○ The device is in operation and the LCD is showing the desktop. □ Press the right arrow button. □ The menu moves over the desktop from left to right. ESC ←





## **NOTE**

Depending on the tolerances of the measuring elements, the measured and displayed values are not always the actual values. However, the measuring elements ensure maximum solar yield. Due to these tolerances, the daily yields shown on the display/Monitor may deviate from the values on the grid operator's feed-in meter by up to 15%.





## **NOTE**

Calculating efficiency by measuring the current and voltage values can lead to misleading results due to the tolerances of the measurement devices. The purpose of these measured values is to monitor the basic operation of the system.

## 9.4 Menu structure

## Display on the LCD

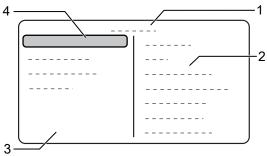


Fig. 47: Main menu

1 Selected menu option

3 Menu options in the active menu level

2 Name of the active menu level

4 Menu options of the next lower menu level



## **NOTE**

The menu options displayed on screen are dependent on the country and network settings, and may vary according to the type of device. Functions restricted to one or more countries are labelled with country codes in accordance with ISO 3166-1.

## Symbols used

1 2 3 4	Menu level (0,1,2,3)		Password-protected menu (password can be requested from KACO customer service)
	Display	L_	Submenu
	Option menu		Option box
		<b>⇒</b>	Setting range

#### 9.4.1 Menu

Country- Men Display/ spec. Set- u Setting tings level	Action in this menu/meaning
Desktop	Press Right arrow button.
1944 Measurements	The Open Menu: Press the right arrow button or the OK button.
ান্যাৰ Generator	Displays the DC-side voltage, amperage and power.
THENSE Grid	Displays the AC-side voltage, amperage and power.
DEFINE Power control	Displays the current value of the external power limitation by the grid operator.
ান্ট্যাৰ cos-phi	$\bigcirc$ Displays the reactive power factor $\cos \phi$ of the node.
uzud Unit temperature	Displays the temperature inside the housing.

Country  In Section  Begins  Country  C						
Displays the counter using the RESET button.  Displays the cumulative yield for the current day.  Displays the total yield up to now.  Displays the calculated CO2 savings (in kg).  NOTE: Displays the operating time in hours.  Reset the counter using the RESET button.  Displays the duration of operation on today's date.  Displays the total operating time in hours.  NOTE: Displays the duration of operation on today's date.  Displays the total operating time  NOTE: Measurement data can be transferred hierarchically to a connected USB stick by individual selection.  Popen the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  NOTE: Displays the recorded operating data graphically.  Select the measured value to be displayed.  Supported measured value to be displayed.  Supported measured values:  1. Grid power P(grid)  2. DC power of the string U  1. Select a day.  2. Press the Enter button  The display shows the selected data.  3. Press any button to return to the previous menu.  Displays the recorded operating data graphically.  1. Select a month.  2. Press the Enter button.  The display shows the selected data.  Press any button to return to the previous menu.  Displays the recorded operating data graphically.  1. Select a year.  2. Press the Enter button.  Press any button to return to the previous menu.  Displays the recorded operating data graphically.  1. Select a year.  2. Press the Enter button.  One The display shows the selected data.  Press any button to return to the previous menu.  Displays the recorded operating data graphically.  1. Select a year.  2. Press the Enter button.  One of the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  One of the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  One of the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  One of the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  One of the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  Select decimal sign for export of saved operating data.	spec. Set-			Action in this menu/meaning		
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Country- Men Display/ spec. Set- u Setting tings level	Action in this menu/meaning
ান্দ্ৰৰ Save to USB	NOTE: Opportunity to export the operating data to a connected USB storage device.
	○ You have connected a USB storage device to the device.
	1. Select the data to be exported (year, month or day).
	2. Press the Enter button.
	⇒ The device writes the data to a connected USB storage device.
□2□□ Settings	
THE Language	Select the required language for the user interface.
ান্যাৰ Define total yield	NOTE: You can set the total yield to any value, for example, when you have received a replacement device and want to continue the recording from the present value.
1.4.4.4	Select the Save button and confirm with the Enter button.
ानमा Interface	NOTE: The address must not be the same as the address of another device or a Powador-proLOG device.
	Assign a unique RS485 bus address to the device.
DEEDE Priwatt	
ाग्रामा Activation mode	NOTE: Re-activation depends on the operating mode selected and on the activation conditions.
	Activate function for a cycle
□ᡂા Monitoring time	Set time span during which the power threshold must be exceeded without interruption.
ান্ত্ৰাৰ Power threshold	Set power threshold from which the monitoring time up to activation begins.
Description mode	1. Power-dependent: the function remains active until below the set power threshold.
	2. Time-dependent: The function is active independent of the sunlight for the set operation time.
IBIN Operation time	NOTE: The menu option is only available in "Time-dependent" operation mode.
	After connection, the function is active for the set operation time.
шэээ Quick start	Reduce the waiting times during the self-test by pressing the Activate button.
DEEDE Logging interval	Specify the time period between 2 log data recordings.
ानमार्थ Log data backup	NOTE: The device supports the backing up of all recorded yield data to a connected USB storage device.
	Activate or deactivate log data backup
Display	1. Configure the contrast setting for the display.
	<ol><li>Set the length of time without user input after which the backlight- ing of the LCD switches off.</li></ol>
	<ol><li>Alternatively: Permanently activate or disable the backlighting by selecting "On" or "Off".</li></ol>

Country- spec. Set- tings	Men u level	Display/ Setting		Action in this menu/meaning
	Date 8	& time	<b>-</b>	NOTE: For self-diagnostics, the device performs a restart on a daily basis at 0:00 hours. To avoid having a restart occur during feed-in operation and to always obtain reliable log data, ensure that the time is correctly set.  Set the date and time.
	THE Netwo	ork	<u></u>	Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.
	DHCP □ On	/ Off		NOTE: The "IP address", "Subnet mask", "Gateway" and "DNS-Server" menu options are only displayed with DHCP disabled.
				Activate or deactivate DHCP.
				<b>On</b> : Once the DHCP server becomes available, the IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server are automatically applied and the aforementioned menu options are hidden.
				Off: Apply settings manually.
	1234 IP add	ress		Allocate a unique IPv4 address in the network.
	াম্যান IP add	ress	L	NOTE: The "IP address", "Subnet masks", "Gateway" and "DNS server" menu items
	6.1		1	are only displayed with DHCP disabled.
	1234 Subne			Assign a subnet mask.
	™ Gatew	/ay	<u></u>	© Enter IPv4 address of the gateway.
	TEGH DNS S	erver		Enter IPv4 address of DNS server.
	1234 Webse	erver	0	Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.
	прэне Opera	tion mode		Activate or disable the integrated web server.
	1234 Port			F Set the port at which the web server can be reached.
	TED4 Remo		<u></u>	If necessary, activate the remote configuration.
	1234 Remo	te update		F If necessary, activate the remote update.
	⊒≣ On	/ Off		
		Connection test   Meteocontrol		○ Your IT infrastructure must be adequately protected.
		defined 1-4:		Select operating mode.
				Off: The connection to the portal is deactivated.
				<b>Meteocontrol</b> : The device attempts to connect to the Webportal blue- planet web of meteocontrol.
				<b>User defined 1-4</b> : The device attempts to log on via a user-defined portal that was set up by way of remote access.
	1234 Modb	us TCP		Activate/disable function.
	12314 Activa	tion	000	NOTE: The menu options "Write access" and "Port" are only displayed with TCP activated.
				1. Activate Modbus TCP.
	ाग्रअन Write	access	<u></u>	Allow Modbus TCP write access.
	1234 Port		<b>└</b> →	Set network port.
	1234 Conne	ection status		Indicates the status of the network connection.



Country- spec. Set- tings	Men u level	Display/ Setting		Action in this menu/meaning
	Para	ameters	N	Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.  NOTE: The device does not display the "Parameters" menu in the standard configuration. To display the Parameters menu:  1. Open the menu.  2. Simultaneously hold down the Up and Down buttons for several seconds.
		sword protection tatus Off		NOTE: Opportunity to set password protection.  Selecting "yes" initiates a password request for the entire menu item: Parameters.
	thatand Coul	ntry	S	NOTE: This option influences the country-specific operating ettings of the device. Please consult KACO service for further information.  1. Enter the four-digit password using the 4-way button. The password is device-specific.  2. Confirm the entry with the Enter button.  3. Set the desired country setting.
CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, JO, JP, LU, TH, ZA		type/directive		Select the grid type for the device's installation location.
UD	THERE NON	ninal grid volt.		Set the specified grid voltage for the site where the device is used (please contact KACO Service)
	THE Grid	parameter		<b>Open the menu: Press the</b> Right arrow button <b>or</b> Enter button.
AT, BG, CZ, FR-OLD, FR-VFR13, FR-VFR14, IE, JP, NL, PL, PT, TR, TW, UD		rvoltage shutd. 10 . average		<ol> <li>Specify the shutdown threshold for overvoltage trip-off.</li> <li>⇒ The 10-minute average for the measured voltage as per EN50160 is used.</li> <li>Set period from occurrence of the fault to shutdown of the device.</li> </ol>
BE CH-NS CY DE-NS DK LU-NS	min.	rvoltage shutd. 10 . average Password ection		<ol> <li>Activate or disable password protection.</li> <li>Specify the shutdown threshold for overvoltage trip-off.</li> <li>⇒ The 10-minute average for the measured voltage as per EN50160 is used.</li> <li>Set period from occurrence of the fault to shutdown of the device.</li> </ol>
AT FR-OLD FR-VFR13 FR-VFR14 JP-50HZ JP-60HZ UD	THEFINE VOIT	age drop	o n d	NOTE: The voltage drop between the device and the feed-in neter is added to the limit value that was set for grid shut-lown according to EN 50160. The limit value can be set to 0-11 Volt increments.  Specify the shutdown value for the voltage drop (0-11 Volt).



Country- Men Display/ spec. Set- u Setting tings level	Action in this menu/meaning
BE CH-NS CY DE-NS DK LU-NS	NOTE: The device is equipped with redundant 3-phase monitoring. If the grid voltage exceeds or drops below the configured values, the device switches off. The minimum switch-off threshold can be set in 1 Volt increments.
	1. Configure the switch-off values for undervoltage and overvoltage.
	<ol><li>Where applicable, set period from occurrence of the fault to shut- down of the device.</li></ol>
AT, AU, BG, Debie Overvoltage shutd. CH—MS,	1. Specify the shutdown threshold for fast and slow overvoltage shutdown.
CZ, DE-MS, ES, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IL, IN, IT, JO, JP, KR, NL,PL, PT, RO, TH, TR,TW, DU, ZA	2. Set period from occurrence of the fault to shutdown of the device.
See Over- Undervoltage shutd. voltage shutd.	<ol> <li>Specify the shutdown thresholds for fast and slow overvoltage shutdown.</li> <li>Set period from occurrence of the fault to shutdown of the device.</li> </ol>
AT, AU, BG, Delete Overfreq. shutd. CD-MS, CZ, DE-MS, ES, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IL, IN, IT, JO, JP, KR, NL, PL, PT, RO, TH, TR, TW, DU, ZA	Set limit value for the slow and fast overfrequency shutdown.
▶ Page 000 □□□□□ Underfreq. shutd.	Set limit value for the slow and fast underfrequency shutdown.



Country- spec. Set- tings	Men Display u Setting level		Action in this menu/meaning
	மங்க Grid paramete ther informatio		
			If the value U< (slow undervoltage shutdown) is set to a value which is greater than the value of $U_{con', min}$ (minimum restart voltage) using the LC display, then the value of $U_{con}$ , $min$ is automatically set to the value of U>.
			If the value U> (slow overvoltage shutdown) is set to a value which is smaller than the value of $U_{con', max.}$ (maximum restart voltage) using the LC display, then the value of $U_{con', max.}$ is automatically set to the value of U>.
			If the value f< (slow underfrequency shutdown) is set to a value which is greater than the value of $f_{con,\ min.}$ (minimum restart frequency) using the LC display, then the value of $f_{con,\ min.}$ is automatically set to the value of f<.
			If the value f> (slow overfrequency shutdown) is set to a value which is smaller than the value of $f_{con', max.}$ (maximum restart frequency) using the LC display, then the value of $f_{con', max.}$ is automatically set to the value of f>.
BE CH-NS CY DE-NS DK LU-NS	ाम्याम्य Frequency shu	td.	NOTE: The device continuously monitors the grid frequency. If the grid voltage exceeds or drops below the configured values, the device switches off.
			Set limit values for underfrequency and overfrequency in 0.1 Hz increments.
	চ্যুক্তর Enh. Paramete	ors I.	2. Set period from occurrence of the fault to shutdown of the device.  Further parametrization possible via WEBGUI!
		$\equiv$	
	ান্ডাৰ DC starting vol	t.	The device begins feed-in as soon as this DC voltage is present.  Set the starting voltage.
	TIPM Check surge pr		NOTE: Please refer to the application note on our website if
			NOTE: Allows the monitoring of the overvoltage protection.
			Activate overvoltage protection.
			NOTE: By activating, an overvoltage protection test is carried out with an appropriate status messages
	T2314 Const. volt. ctr	·I	NOTE: Option to disable the MPP seek mode in order to operate the device with a constant DC voltage.
			1. Activate or disable the constant voltage controller.
			2. Set value for constant voltage controller.
			CAUTION! When constant voltage operation and "Q on Demand" operation are activated, feedback can occur on the PV generator. Please observe the instructions and approval of the module manufacturer.

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Country- spec. Set- tings		Action in this menu/meaning
	Data Power limitation.	NOTE: The output power of the device can be set permanently to a lower value than the maximum output power by the power limitation. This may be necessary in order to limit the maximum power rating of the system at the grid connection point, upon the grid operator's request.
		NOTE: The value can be protected from the very first power limitation entry. After setting a limitation, the value can only be changed by entering a device-specific password.
		NOTE: Only the external power limitation can be adjusted on the device. The internal power limitation can only be set via the web interface.
		[See section 9.4.2 Page 52]
	Delia Power limitation. external	NOTE: External power limitation is possible with the extension module (KACO accessories).
		1. Specify the activation status (on / off).
		<ol><li>Select the activation threshold (Active Low / Active High) from digital input 1, 2, 3 or 4 (only if activation status = on).</li></ol>
		3. Specify the power limitation stages (only if activation status = on) a.) Specify stage 0-3 b.) Specify stage 4-7 c.) Specify stage 8-11 d.) Specify stage 12-15
		4. Confirm the entry with the Enter button.
	ाउँ। Enh. Parameters	Further parametrization possible via WEBGUI!
	□ Powador-protect □ Auto   On   Off	NOTE: Configures the support for grid shutdown via a Powador protect connected to the "INV OFF" input of the device.
		<ul> <li>Auto/On: A Powador-protect is operating in the photovoltaic sys- tem and is connected to the device at the "INV OFF" input.</li> </ul>
		Set the operating mode for Powador-protect.
		<b>Auto</b> : The device automatically detects a Powador-protect integrated into the photovoltaic system.
		<b>On</b> : The digital signal of the Powador-protect must be present at the digital input of the device for the device to begin feed-in.
		<b>Off</b> : The device does not check whether a Powador-protect is integrated into the PV system.
	াৰ্যাৰ Insul. resistance	Set threshold value (in 1kOhm increments) at which the insulation monitor reports a fault.
	TRIBLE Power reduction P(f)	<ul> <li>NOTE: The unit supports the internal power factor correction after P(f).</li> </ul>
		1.)Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.
		2. Note: All the parameters are configurable here and via the WEB interface. [See section 9.4.2 Page 52]
Not for IL,	P(f) operation mode	NOTE: More detailed information can be found in
IT	⊒≣ Off   Mode 1   Mode 2	Specify the operation mode.



Country- spec. Set- tings	Men u level	Display/ Setting		Action in this menu/meaning
	1234	Threshold activated <del>2</del> 45 Hz − 70 Hz	0	Specify activation threshold (if mode 1 or mode 2 is active, this menu option is displayed permanently for IT and IL!)
				NOTE: The function is activated if the activation threshold is exceeded. In mode 2 this value also serves as a deactivation threshold.
	1-2-3-6	Threshold deactivated		NOTE: If the grid frequency is within the deactivation
		<del>≅</del> Min. 45 Hz − 61,5 Hz		range for the duration of the deactivation time, then the
		<b>≅</b> Max. 45 Hz − 70 Hz		function is deactivated.
				<ol> <li>Specify deactivation threshold (if mode 1 or mode 2 is active, this menu option is displayed permanently for IT and IL!).</li> </ol>
Not for IL, IT	1-2-3-4	Deactivation time	000	Specify time for power reduction (if mode 1 is active)
	11234	Gradient		Set gradient of power limitation function with increasing frequency in % / Hz. The percentage value is based on the rated frequency (if mode 1 or mode 2 is active, this menu option is displayed perman- ently for IT and IL!)
	1-2-3-4	Intentional delay	°	Set the power limitation delay in seconds (if mode 1 or mode 2 is active; this menu option is displayed permanently for IT and IL!).
	1-2-3-4	Settling time	• — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Set the power reduction delay in seconds (if mode 1 or mode 2 is active; this menu option is displayed permanently for IT and IL!).
	1-2-3-4	Rise Outg. grad. & Fall. Outg. grad.	°	$^{\circ}$ Specify output gradient increase and decrease in $^{\circ}/_{\circ\circ}$ (per thousand).
	1 2 3 4	Deact. grad.		For Specify deactivation gradient in $^{0}/_{00}$ (per thousand) /minute (if mode "1" or mode "2" is active. This menu option is displayed permanently for IT and IL!).
	1234	Fault Ride Through	L	NOTE: The device supports dynamic grid stabilization (Fault Ride-Through).
				Further parameterisation is possible via the web interface
	1-2-3-4	Reative power	<u></u>	<ol> <li>Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.</li> </ol>
				2. Activating reactive power process: Select process a press the Enter button. The active process is highlighted.
	1-2-3-4	cos-phi const.		You can find more information on the procedure at:
		<del>≅</del> 1- 0,3		1. [See section 10.1 Page 62]
				2. Set default power factor.
				If a power factor not equal to 1 is selected: Select the type of phase shift: under-excited (inductive load), over-excited (capacitive load).
	1234	Q const. ≈ 0 − 100%	0	More detailed information about the procedure can be found at: [See section 10.1 Page 62]
				F Set the idle power Q (in %) to a fixed value.
		□=Under-excited		☞ Select the type of phase shift.
		over-excited		NOTE: Under-excited relates to inductive load, over-excited relates to capacitive load.

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Country- spec. Set-	Men u	Display/ Setting		Action in this menu/meaning
tings	level			
	123-6	cos-phi(P/Plim)	<b>L</b>	NOTE: More detailed information about the procedure can be found at:
				[See section 10.1 Page 62]
				Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.
	1-2-5-4	settling time ₹ 1s – 120 s	• — • — • — • — • — • — • — • — • — • —	Set the settling time in the event of an abrupt change in the reactive power target value (e.g. caused by a voltage jump). The transient re- sponse corresponds to a first-order filter (PT-1) with settling time = 5Tau.
	1 2 3 6	Lock-In voltage	000	Set the voltage above which control is activated.
	11234	Lock-Out voltage		Set the voltage below which control is deactivated.
	1123-4	Number of nodes		NOTE: The maximum number of configurable nodes depends on the selected grid type.
				$\ensuremath{\mathscr{F}}$ Specify the number of nodes for the cos $\phi$ /(p/pn).
	1121314	1 1st node 10th node □= □= □= Voltage   Reactive power   Excitation □= □- □-100%		Power factor for 1st ,10th node as a percentage of the maximum power.
		1-0.3		$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
		Over-excited   under-excited		If a reactive power not equal to 1 is selected: Select the type of phase shift.
	1234	Q(U) 10 Samples	<b>□</b>	Open the menu: Press the Right arrow button or Enter button.
				NOTE: More detailed information about the procedure can be found at:
			_	[See section 10.1 Page 62]
	1 2 3 4	a Settling time		Set the settling time in the event of an abrupt change in the reactive power target value (e.g. caused by a voltage jump). The transient re- sponse corresponds to a first-order filter (PT-1) with settling time = 5Tau.
	1 2 3 4	Lock-In power <del>≅</del> 0 − 100% S <sub>max</sub>		Set the active power as % of rated power above which control is activated.
	1 2 3 6	Lock-Out power		Set the active power as % of rated power below which control is deactivated.
	112-31-4	Lock-in time		Set the length of time that the active power must remain below the lock-in power level before control is activated.
	11234	Lock-out time		Set the length of time that the active power must remain below the lock-out power level before control is deactivated.
	1234	Downtime		If the voltage switches from a characteristic curve section with Q=0 to a characteristic curve section with Q $\neq$ 0 under active control, then the reactive power setting process is delayed by the set dead time. Once the dead time has expired, the control circuit is no longer subject to a delay and the set transient time determines the transient behaviour.



Country- spec. Set- tings	Men u level	Display/ Setting		Action in this menu/meaning
	1121314	Rise Outg. grad. & Fall. Outg. grad.  ☐= increasing   decreasing ☐= 1 %-60000 %/min		Maximum change in the reactive power %S <sub>lim</sub> /min in the event of a change to over-excited mode.
		<b>靠</b> 1 %-60000 %/min		Maximum change in the reactive power %S <sub>lim</sub> /min in the event of a change to under-excited mode.
	1121914	Min. cos-phi Q1 - Min. cos-phi Q4		NOTE: In the event of a significant voltage deviation, the maximum reactive power adjustment range can be limited by a minimum cos $\phi$ in order to prevent an excessive reactive power supply and, as a result, a significant reduction in the maximum active power that can be fed in.
				Fenter the minimum cos φ factor for quadrants 1 and 4.
	1-2-3-4	Priority mode		Set priority for reactive power – Q or active power – P.
		ॡ Q priority   P priority		NOTE: When it comes to P priority, the reactive power adjustment range is limited subject to the active power that is currently available and fed in.
	1-2-3-4	Active curve		Select active curve.
		<b>≅</b> 1 - 4		NOTE: Up to 4 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.
	1-2-3-4	Reset the curve		Reset active curve to the default setting.
	1-2-3-4	Number of nodes		NOTE: The maximum number of configurable nodes depends on the selected grid type.
				Specify the number of nodes for the Q(U) characteristic curve.
	11234	1st node 10th node □ Voltage   Reactive power   Excitation □ 0 - max. voltage in continuous operation		Enter the voltage of the node in volts.
		<b>≅</b> 0-100% [% S <sub>max</sub> ]		Set the reactive power of the node as a percentage of the maximum power.
				If a reactive power not equal to 1 is selected: Select the type of phase shift.
	1-2-3-4	Exten. standalone grid	<u>_</u>	NOTE: Grid operators require shutdown of the device with standalone grid detection.
DE 611 112				Further parameterisation is possible via the web interface.
BE CH-NS CY DE-NS DK JP-50HZ JP-60HZ LU-NS TW UD		Grid errors		MOTE: Display of grid faults.  To show the last 5 grid fault messages, press the Show button.
	1-2-3-6	Advanced features	ightharpoonup	Further parameterisation is possible via the web interface
	1234	Information	<b>L</b> →	Open the menu: Press Right arrow button or Enter button.



Country- spec. Set- tings		Action in this menu/meaning
	INVERTER Type	Displays the type designation of the device. If feed-in power is actively limited: display maximum power in kW.
	1234 SW version	Displays the installed software version.
	1234 Serial number	Displays the serial number of the device.
	THESE Display country	Displays the selected country setting. Optional: Displays the grid type if a grid type has been selected.
	1121314 Vendor	The display shows information about the device manufacturer.

## 9.4.2 Configuration via web user interface

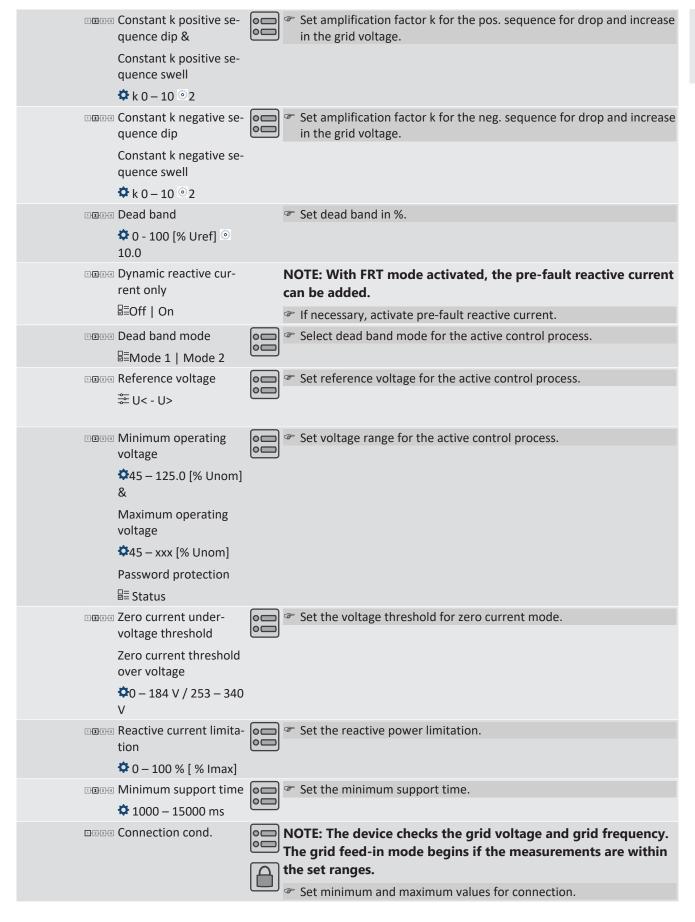


## **NOTE**

In addition to the parameters in the chapter [See section 9.4.1 Page 41], additional parameters are available and accessible via the web user interface. To do so, enable Remote config in Network under Webserver and enter the device IP address into your browser.

ান্দাৰ Operating settings	NOTE: Options for advanced setting of the operating parameters.
TIENE DC starting volt.	The device begins feed-in as soon as this DC voltage is present.
	F Set the starting voltage.
©214 Const. volt. ctrl	NOTE: Option to disable the MPP seek mode in order to operate the device with a constant DC voltage.
	1. Activate or disable the constant voltage controller.
	2. Set value for constant voltage controller.
	CAUTION! When constant voltage operation and "Q on Demand" operation are activated, feedback can occur on the PV generator. Please observe the instructions and approval of the module manufacturer.
□□□□□ Insul. resistance	Set threshold value (in 1kOhm increments) at which the insulation monitor reports a fault.
□□□□ Grid monitoring 3- phase □= On / Off	NOTE: The device is equipped with redundant 3-phase monitoring. If the grid voltage exceeds or drops below the configured values, the device switches off. The minimum switch-off threshold can be set in 1 V increments.
	Activate or disable monitoring.
□2□□ FRT (Fault Ride Through)	NOTE: The device supports dynamic grid stabilization (Fault Ride-Through).NOTE: More detailed information at: [See section 10.3 Page 71]
ייבויו ₪≣ Operation mode –	Select a control process.
On   Off	On: Activates dynamic grid support using dynamic reactive current.
	<b>Off</b> : Deactivates dynamic grid support using dynamic reactive current. Dynamic grid support remains active on account of immunity to interference.
Setting   Manual   Predefined zero current	Select a control process.
Priority – Reactive current limitation   Active current priority	Select a control process.

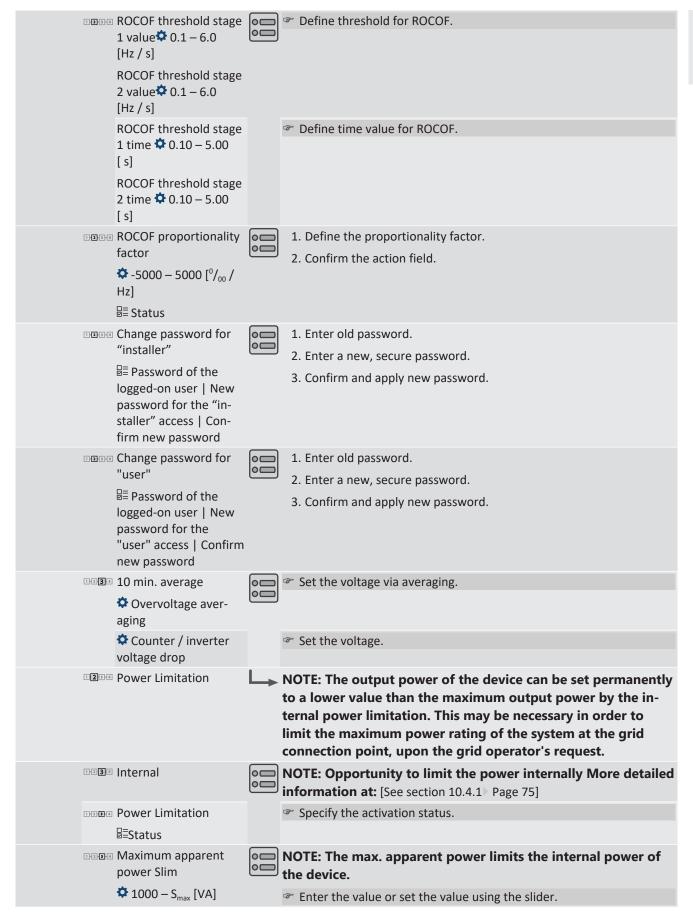




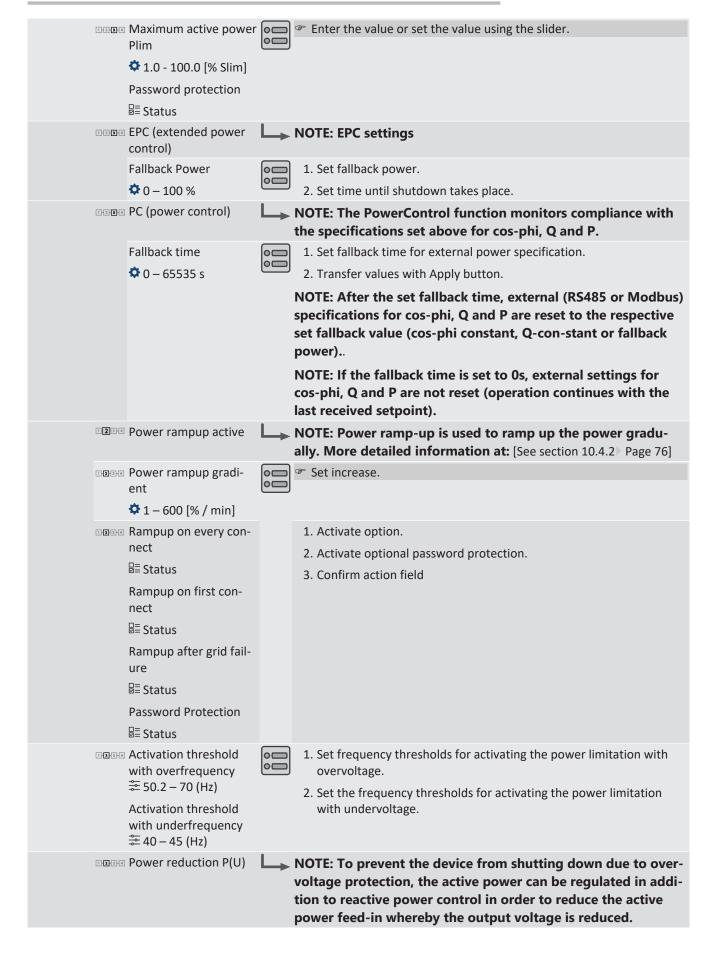
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□□□□□ Min. switch-on voltage after grid monitoring	Set min. and max. switch-on voltage after grid monitoring.
Max. switch-on voltage after grid monitoring	
<b>☼</b> 207 [V] - 253 [V]	
usus Min. switch-on fre- quency after grid mon- itoring	Set min. and max. switch-on frequency after grid monitoring.
Max. switch-on fre- quency after grid mon- itoring	
<b>⇔</b> 47.50 [Hz] – 50.07 [Hz]	
TIBLE Min. conn. voltage after grid failure	Set min. and max. switch-on voltage after grid monitoring.
Max conn. voltage after grid failure	
masse Min. conn. frequency after grid failure	Set min. and max. switch-on frequency after grid monitoring.
Max. conn. frequency after grid failure	
Monitoring time PV voltage	Set time for voltage monitoring.
Monitoring time grid voltage	Set time for voltage monitoring.
াশ্রন্থ Waiting time after grid failure	Set wait time for grid monitoring.
214 Enhanced Island Detection	NOTE: Grid operators require shutdown of the device with standalone grid detection. More detailed information at: [See section 10.5] Page 77]
□□□□□ ROCOF operation mode passive ☐ Off   On	Activate passive grid influence by application of a frequency.
ROCOF operation mode active ☐ Off   On	Activate active grid influence by application of a frequency.
Data Exten. ROCOF	Activate active grid influence by additional reactive power feed-in.
াঞাএ Frequency shift ⊞≣ Off   On	Activate frequency shift.
Pulse period repetition time	P Define period for detection.
<b>☼</b> 40 − 6000 [ms]	











112 314	P(U) operation mode	Activate the control process.
I E	⊒≣ Off   On	<b>Off</b> : Deactivates dynamic grid support using dynamic reactive current. Dynamic grid support remains active on account of immunity to interference.
1234	Reference power	Select the power-dependent control method.
	⊟≣ Actual power   Nominal power	
1121314	Evaluated voltage	Select the voltage to be rated.
,	B≣Maximum phase voltage   Positive phase sequence voltage	Specifies which voltage is evaluated in a three-phase system.
	Hysteresis mode B≣Off   On	NOTE: Hysteresis mode affects the shutdown response of P(U).
		Activate the mode.
	Deactivation gradient  1 - 65534 [% / min]	Set gradients for the voltage limitation.
1234	Deactivation time	Specify the time for voltage reduction.
	<b>♦</b> 0 − 60000000 [ms]	
	Settling time	Specify the settling time.
11-2-3-4	Active curve	© Select active curve.
	<b>☆</b> 1 - 5	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.
142 <b>0</b> 40		 NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation
112 <b>1</b> 4	<b>○</b> 1 - 5 Number of nodes	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.
TEFA	№ 1 - 5  Number of nodes  № 2 – 5  Power	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.
113 <b>13</b> 4	Number of nodes 2 – 5  Power 0.0 -100.0 [%]  Voltage	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  1. Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.  2. Activate optional password protection.
1)2) <b>1</b> )4	Number of nodes  2 – 5  Power  0.0 -100.0 [%]  Voltage  0.0 -126.0 [%]  Password protection	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.  Activate optional password protection.  Confirm the action field.
	Number of nodes  1 - 5  Number of nodes  2 - 5  Power  0.0 -100.0 [%]  Voltage  0.0 -126.0 [%]  Password protection  Status  Activation threshold	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.  Activate optional password protection.  Confirm the action field.  Specify the activation threshold.
	Number of nodes  2 – 5  Power  0.0 -100.0 [%]  Voltage  0.0 -126.0 [%]  Password protection	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.  Activate optional password protection.  Confirm the action field.
	Number of nodes  1 - 5  Number of nodes  2 - 5  Power  0.0 -100.0 [%]  Voltage  0.0 -126.0 [%]  Password protection  Status  Activation threshold	NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.  Specify the number of nodes.  Specify power for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum power.  Specify voltage for 1st, 5th node as a percentage of the maximum voltage.  Activate optional password protection.  Confirm the action field.  Specify the activation threshold.  NOTE: If the 10 min mean value of the voltage exceeds the activation threshold, then the function is enabled. The power level is adjusted in such a way that the instantaneous effective



пана Upload/download	NOTE: Opportunity to save log files and save and import parameter data
Download service log data	Save service log data to external storage media.
Download service lo data without yields	Save log data without yields to external storage media.
Download a set of parameters	Save a set of parameters to external storage media.
Document a set of parameters	Issue or print documentation of a set of parameters as a PDF.
Transfer a set of para meters	Load a set of parameters from external storage media.



#### **NOTE**

With regard to the selection of country settings, KACO new energy attests:

- 1. that the relevant certificates are only valid if the corresponding country settings have been selected.
- 2. that all configured grid parameters must be configured in accordance with the requirements of the grid operators.
- 3. that the configuration of parameters using IEEE 1547: 2003 table 1 is possible but is only permitted if it is requested by the grid operators.

## 9.5 Monitoring the device

The device has an integrated web server. This makes it possible to monitor and record the operating state and yield of your PV system.

#### **USB** interface

Use an external USB storage device to read operating data saved on the device.

#### Reading log data

- 1. Connect a suitable USB storage device to the USB interface on the connection circuit board.
- 2. Open the "Log data view" menu.
- 3. Select "Save to USB".
- 4. Select the desired log data using the 4-way button.
- 5. Press the Enter button.
- $\Rightarrow$  The device saves the selected log data to the USB storage device.



#### **NOTE**

The USB interface is approved solely for use with USB flash storage devices ("USB sticks"). The maximum available current is 100 mA. If a device with a higher power requirement is used, the power supply for the USB interface automatically shuts down to protect the device from damage.

## Web server

This device has an integrated web server. After configuring the network and activating the web server in the Settings menu, you can open the web server from an internet browser. The language version of the website delivered by the web server is adapted dynamically to the pre-set language preferences in your Internet browser. If your Internet browser requests a language that is unknown to the device, the web server uses the menu language set in the device.

- You have connected the device to your network.
- 1. When using a DHCP server: Activate DHCP.
- 2. For manual configuration (DHCP off):



- 3. Open the Settings/Network menu.
- 4. Assign a unique IP address.
- 5. Assign a subnet mask.
- 6. Assign a gateway.
- 7. Assign DNS server.
- 8. Save your settings.

## Using the web server

To avoid problems with incompatibility, use the most recent version of your Internet browser. JavaScript must be enabled in the browser settings to display the web server correctly.



#### **NOTE**

You can also access the web server of the device via the Internet. To do this, additional settings of your network configuration, particularly your internet router, are required. Note that communication with the device is carried out over an unsecured connection, particularly in the case of a connection via the internet.

- Configure the Ethernet interface.
- Connect the Ethernet cable.
- 1. Open an Internet browser.
- 2. In the address field of the internet browser, enter the IP address of the device and open the site.
- ⇒ The internet browser displays the home screen of the web server.

After it has opened, the web server displays information about the device as well as the current yield data.

<ul> <li>Feed-in power</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Generator power</li> </ul>
- Status	- Generator voltage
<ul> <li>Grid power</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit temperature</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Grid voltage</li> </ul>	-

Tab. 3: Display of measurement and yield data

In order to display and export yield data, proceed as follows:

## Select the display period

- 1. Call up the web server
- 2. Select the display period by selecting one of the buttons: daily view, monthly view, yearly view or

## Filtering the display period (only possible with daily view)

- 1. Open the web server.
- 2. Select the daily view.
- 3. To show or hide measurements, select or deselect the corresponding checkboxes in the "Choose view" area.

#### Exporting data

- 1. Filter the display data if necessary.
- 2. Select the display period if applicable (daily, monthly, yearly or overview).
- 3. Press the "Export data" button.
- 4. Save the file.



## **NOTE**

Regardless of the display data selected in the "Choose view" area, an export file always contains all measurement data and yield data available for the selected period.



## 9.6 Performing a firmware update

You can update the software of the device to a new version using the integrated USB interface. Use a FAT32-formatted USB stick to do this.

Do not use any storage media with an external power supply (for example: an external hard disk).

New functions can be added to the device via firmware updates.



#### **NOTE**

## Ensure the active DC power supply of the device

It is only possible to update all of the device's components to the most current firmware version in this operating state.

## **⚠** CAUTION

#### Damage to the device from faulty power supply

The update can fail if the power supply is interrupted during the update process. Parts of the software or of the device it-self may be damaged.

- 1. Never disconnect the DC and AC power supply for or during a firmware update.
- 2. Do not remove the USB stick during the firmware update.

## Preparing a firmware update

- 1. Download the firmware update file from the KACO web site www.kaco-newenergy.com and store it on your hard disk.
- 2. Extract the complete firmware update file to a USB stick.
- ⇒ Perform the firmware update.



#### **NOTE**

In order to adopt new country-specific parameters, the set user country must be changed prior to every firmware update.

1. Once the firmware update is complete, you can return to the original user country.



#### **NOTE**

The firmware update can take several minutes. The "Operating"LED flashes during the update process. The device may restart several times as required.

The following message appears if the DC power supply is too low: "DC power supply too low! Perform update anyway? .

In this case, select "No" and perform the update with a stable power supply.

f the unit remains in DC feed mode for a longer period of time due to a malfunction, it must be restarted by switching off the AC/DC voltage.

#### Performing a firmware update

- Ensure that the power supply is connected.
- 1. Connect the USB stick to the device.
  - ⇒ The message appears on the display: "Software found. Do you want to load?"
- 2. If you would like to perform the update, press the "Yes" button. If "No", pressing the "Enter" button cancels the update process and the device goes into feed-in mode.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The device begins the update.
    - The update has been imported in full when the message "Software update successful. " appears.
    - If the update fails, the message "Software update incomplete!" appears.



3. When an error occurs, the update process must be repeated.

You can check to see if the update was successful in the menu:

## Displaying the firmware version

- Open the Information / SW version menu.
- ⇒ The device will display the versions and checksums of the software that is currently loaded.

## 9.7 Access via Modbus



## **NOTE**

In order to make use of the Modbus functionality, we recommend using the "SunSpec-Modbus-Interface" specification we have made available for the firmware version installed on your device.

Follow the description in the document "Modbus-Protokol.pdf" in order to use the two Excel files with a high level of process reliability.

- U Firmware version of device is identical to the specifications of the Sunspec® Modbus®.
- 1. Enable the entry Network Modbus TCP Operation mode / Network services Modbus TCP
   Operation mode in the menu on the device or on the web interface.
- 2. If necessary, allow write access.
- 3. Set up the Port for access. [Default: 502]
- ⇒ Access via Modbus enabled.



# 10 Specifications

## 10.1 Reactive power control

Reactive power can be used in electrical energy supply networks to bolster the level of voltage. As such, feed-in inverters can contribute to statistical voltage stability. Reactive power brings about a voltage drop at the inductive and capacitive components of the equipment which can either bolster or reduce the level of voltage. If the generating plant draws inductive reactive power while active power is being fed in, part of the voltage swing caused by the active power feed can be compensated for by the supply of reactive power.

This reactive power mode and the respective control process are specified by the grid operator. If no control process has been specified, then the system should be operated using a reactive power specification of 0%.

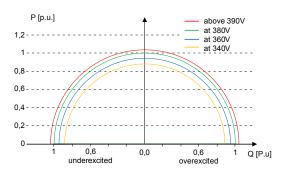
## 10.1.1 Operating power range depending on grid voltage

The device can be operated within the respective fixed voltage range provided. The maximum apparent power is stated in the following table. In the event of undervoltage determined by the maximum continuous current subject to the grid voltage.

Voltage - devices with U $_{\!\scriptscriptstyle N}$ 220 V / 380 V; 230 V / 400 V; 240 V / 415 V	Voltage - devices with U <sub>N:</sub> 277V / 480V	Maximum apparent power [p.u.]
≥ 400	≥ 480	1.04
390	468	1.04
380	456	1.0
360	432	0.95
342	412	0.90
323	388	0.85

Tab. 4: Maximum continuous apparent power depending on grid voltage

The following figures show the reactive power-active power operating range for devices with a nominal voltage of  $U_N$  220/380, 230/400, 240/415.



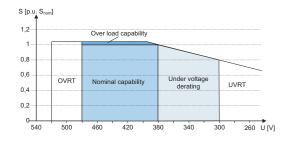


Fig. 48: P-Q operating range for blueplanet 50.0TL3

Fig. 49: Apparent power dependence of grid voltage

#### 10.1.2 Dynamics and accuracy

n all of the control methods described below the specified set value at the inverter's connection terminals is adjusted using a stationary deviation of the reactive power of maximum 2 % QN. This maximum deviation always relates to the specified value as reactive power.

If the power factor  $\cos \phi$  is specified in the control method, then the deviation relates to the reactive power value brought about by the current power.

The transient response of the control methods are determined by a PT-1 filter. The settling time corresponds to 5 Tau, or in other words, achieving approx. 99 % of the final value of the PT-1 filter. Subject to the control method selected, there are also other parameters that determine dynamic behaviour as described below.

## 10.1.3 Reactive power functions

The following functions for controlling the reactive power are implemented in the devices listed above:

- $-\cos\phi$  constant
- Q constant



- $-\cos \phi/(p/pn)$
- Q(U) 10 nodes

NOTE: Reactive power is prioritised in each method. The maximum possible active power that can be fed in is reduced in line with the P-Q operating range when a specific reactive power level is specified.

#### cos φ constant

In cos  $\varphi$ -constant mode, the specified power factor is fixed by the inverter. In doing so, the reactive power level is set in line with Q=P\*tan  $\varphi$  as a function of the power that continuously generates the specified power factor. If the set value is changed, the new value is taken over damped by a filter. The settling time can be parameterised and is 1 s (this corresponds to 5 tau. (The VDE templates usually specify 3 Tau)) with the transient response of a first-order filter (PT-1) with a time constant of Tau=200ms. The specified power factor can be configured on the display or by way of communication via the KACO RS485 protocol and MODBUS/SunSpec.

If the applicable grid code stipulates that the  $\cos$ - $\phi$  should react to the target value slower than the configured Tau=200 ms by way of a defined gradient or settling time, this gradient or settling time must be implemented in the system control.

Parameters	Setting	Refer- ence	Description
<pre>cos-phi const. [OutPFSet_Ena]</pre>	<b>‡</b> 1-0,3 [°]	N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Set the power factor to a certain % value.
<pre>Settling time [OutPFSet_RmpTms]</pre>	<b>☼</b> 1000 [ms]	X 23	Non-configurable settings 1 s.
<pre>Timeout [OutPFSet_RvrtTms]</pre>	<b>♥</b> 0 − 1000 [s]	XLS	Sets the time after which the inverter, if it does not receive a new power factor specification, falls back to the previously valid reactive power procedure.
			If the timeout is set to 0 seconds, the transmitted power factor specification is permanently retained, even in the event of a communication failure.
			Note: when the unit is restarted, the timeout is reset to the set fallback time.

#### **Q** constant

In Q-constant mode, the specified reactive power value is permanently set by the inverter. If the specification is changed, the new value is adopted by way of a filter in a muted manner. The settling time is 1s with the transient response of a first-order filter (PT-1) with a time constant of Tau=200ms. The specified reactive power can be configured on the display or by way of communication via the KACO RS485 protocol and MODBUS/SunSpec.

If the applicable grid code stipulates that the reactive power should react to the target value slower than the configured Tau=200 ms by way of a defined gradient or settling time, this gradient or settling time must be implemented in the system control.

Parameters	Setting	Refer- ence	Description
<pre>Q constant [VarPcT_Mod]</pre>	• 0-100 [% <sub>Smax</sub> ]	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Set the reactive power to a certain % of the apparent power.
Increasing output gradient &  Decreasing output gradi-	<b>☼</b> 1 − 65524 [% Slim min]	XLS ROS	Determines the dynamic behaviour in the event of a change in the reactive power value. The reactive power is changed with the specified gradient.
<pre>ent [VArPct_RmpTms]</pre>			Note: The gradient is overlaid with the settling time.

Parameters	Setting	Refer- ence	Description
Settling time [VArPct_WinTms]	<b>♥</b> 200 – 60000 [ms]	X4.55	Determines the dynamic behavior in the event of a change in the active power set value. The active power is changed according to a PT-1 characteristic curve with a settling time of 5 Tau
			NOTE: The settling time is overlaid with the increasing and decreasing gradient.
Timeout [VArPcT_RvrtTms]	<b>♥</b> 0 − 1000 [s]	XTZ	Sets the time after which the inverter, if it does not receive a new reactive power specification, falls back to the previously valid reactive power procedure.
			If the timeout is set to 0 seconds, the transmitted power factor specification is permanently retained, even in the event of a communication failure.
			Note: when the unit is restarted, the timeout is reset to the set fallback time.

## cos φ /(p/pn)

In the  $\cos \phi$  / (P / Pn) operating mode, the setpoint value of  $\cos \phi$  and the setpoint for the reactive power derived from it are continuously calculated depending on the actual power level. This function ensures that grid support is provided by the reactive power when a significant voltage boost is anticipated due to a high feed level. In this case, a characteristic curve is specified which can be used to configure up to 10 nodes, value pairs for active power and  $\cos \phi$ . The active power is entered as a % in relation to the nominal power. Other parameters allow you to limit functionality and to limit activation to certain voltage ranges.

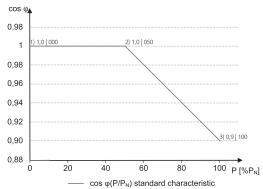


Fig. 50:  $\cos \phi$  / (P/Pn) standard characteristic curve with 3 nodes

#### Q(U) 10 nodes

When it comes to Q(U) 10 nodes, the nominal value of the reactive power is continuously calculated depending on the grid voltage. This function ensures that grid support is provided by the reactive power as soon as the voltage actually deviates from the target voltage. In this case, a characteristic curve is specified which can be used to configure up to 10 nodes, value pairs for voltage and reactive power. Other parameters allow you to limit functionality and to limit activation to certain voltage ranges as well as parametrise the transient response.

The zero sequence voltage is used to calculate the reactive power target for three-phase units.



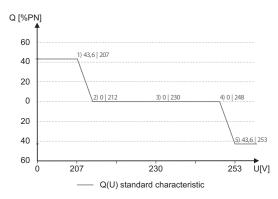


Fig. 51: Q(U) standard characteristic curve with 5 nodes

## 10.1.4 Parameters for reactive power control

Country- Men spec. Set- u tings level	Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
	cos-phi const.	Specified power factor
		Reactive power mode Under-excited relates to inductive load, over-excited relates to capacitive load
	Q const. <b>⋄</b> 0 − 100 [% S <sub>max</sub> ]	Specification as a % of the maximum reactive power.
	□=Over-excited   un- der-excited	Reactive power operating type, under-excited corresponds to inductive load, over-excited corresponds to capacitive load.
	cos-phi(P/Plim)	
	Settling time	Determines the dynamic behaviour in the event of a change in the $\cos\phi$ set value. With a change of the active power or the lock-in and lock out voltage, the $\cos\phi$ is changed according to a PT-1 characteristic curve with a settling time of 5 Tau.
	Lock-In voltage 23V – 287V	The control is activated above this voltage.
	Lock-Out voltage	The control is deactivated below this voltage.
	Number of nodes	Specify the number of nodes for the cos $\phi$ /(p/pn) characteristic curve
	1st node 10th node	Power of the node as a percentage of the maximum power.
	□= Voltage   Reactive power   Excitation  • 0 – 100 [% S <sub>max</sub> ]	For the 1st node, the power must be 0%; for the last node, the power must be 100%. The power values of the nodes must increase continuously.
	- 1104-	Note: Storage inverters only for feed-in operation
	<b>≈</b> 0 − 100 %	cos φ of the node
		Reactive power mode Under-excited relates to inductive load, over-excited relates to capacitive load.
	Q(U) 10 nodes	
	Lock-In power	Power threshold, function is activated if limit value is exceeded.
	Lock-Out power	Power threshold, function is activated if limit value is undershot.
	Lock-in time <b>☼</b> 0 − 60 [s]	Length of time that the active power must remain below the lock-in power level before control is deactivated.

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Country- Me		Action in this menu/meaning
spec. Set- u tings lev		
	Lock-out time	Length of time that the active power must remain below the lock-out power level before control is deactivated.
DEA <u>C</u>	⊡ Downtime	If the voltage switches from a characteristic curve section with Q=0 to a characteristic curve section with Q $\neq$ 0 under active control, then the reactive power setting process is delayed by the set dead time. Once the dead time has expired, the control circuit is no longer subject to a delay and the set transient time determines the transient behaviour.
	Rise Outg. grad. & Fall. Outg. grad.  ☐ increasing   decreasing	In addition to configuring the dynamic behaviour using the transient time corresponding to a first-order filter, the reactive power setting can be determined by a maximum gradient - this means the maximum change in the reactive power per time period.
	<b>☼</b> 1 − 60000 [% S <sub>max</sub> / min]	Maximum change in the reactive power $\ensuremath{\%}\mbox{S}_{\mbox{\tiny N}}/\mbox{min}$ in the event of a change to over-excited mode
		NOTE: The gradient is overlaid with the settling time.
	Min. cos-phi Q1 - Min. cos-phi Q4	In the event of a significant voltage deviation, the maximum reactive power adjustment range can be limited by a minimum cos $\phi$ in order to prevent an excessive reactive power supply and, as a result, a significant reduction in the maximum active power that can be fed in.
	Q1	Minimum $\cos \phi$ in over-excited operating mode (in-feed).
	Q4	Minimum $\cos \phi$ in under-excited operating mode (in-feed).
	Q2	Minimum $\cos \phi$ in over-excited operating mode (charge).
	Q3	Minimum $\cos \phi$ in over-excited operating mode (charge).
	Priority mode	P priority can be selected as an alternative to the standard setting Q priority. When it comes to P priority, the reactive power adjustment range is limited subject to the limited apparent power of the inverter and the active power that is currently available and fed in.
	Active curve	Up to four characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.
	Reset the curve	Reset active curve to the factory setting, depending of the country setting.
	Number of nodes	Specify the number of nodes for the Q(U) characteristic curve.
	1st node 10th node	Voltage of the node in volts.
	OV - Max. voltage in continuous operation	The voltage values of the nodes must increase continuously. At voltages below the 1st node and voltages above the last node, the reactive power value of the 1st or last node is used each time.
	1-0.3	Reactive power of the node as a percentage of the maximum power
	Over-excited   under- excited	Reactive power mode Under-excited relates to inductive load, over-excited relates to capacitive load.

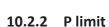
# 10.2 Active power regulation

## 10.2.1 P target value

The function "P target value" is integrated into the MPP tracking of the inverter on all PV inverters. The P target value is continuously re-calculated on the basis of the MPP tracking algorithm.

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The function "P limit" is available for limiting the maximum feed-in power. If necessary, this can be used to reduce the maximum possible feed of an inverter, e.g. for managing bottlenecks for the operator of the distribution grid.

P limit is only available via the MODBUS/SunSpec inverter model 123 Immediate Inverter Controls and via RS485 communication. You can find detailed information on the communication protocol at www.kaconewenergy.de in the "Software" subsection of the "Downloads" section.

When a target value is received for P limit, the output power of the inverter is limited to the specified power value. If the limit value is changed, the new value is adopted by way of a filter and a gradient limitation. The current power may be below the specified limit value because the available power (PV) or the target power value (storage) may be below the specified limit value. Depending on the inverter series, the settling time and gradient limitation may be adjustable.

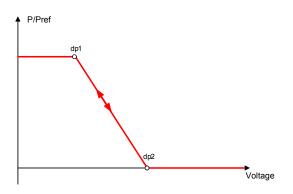
Parameters	Setting	Refer- ence	Description
Power Limitation [WMaxLimPct]	<b>◊</b> 0 − 100 [%]	X List	Set power limitation to a specific % value.
<pre>Timeout [WMaxLimPct_RvrtTm s]</pre>	<b>♥</b> 0 − 1000 [s]	XI.S.	Sets the time after which the inverter, if it does not receive a new power limit, will cancel it.
			If the Timeout to 0 seconds, the transmitted power limit is permanently maintained, even in the event of a communication failure.
			Note: When the unit is restarted, the timeout is reset to the set fallback time.

## 10.2.3 Voltage-dependent power reduction P(U)

If it is not possible to compensate adequately for increase in voltage in the upstream distribution network by intake on reactive power, it may be necessary to curtail the active power. In this case, P(U) control is available for making optimum use of the capacity of the upstream grid.

P(U) control reduces the active power that is fed in as a function of the grid voltage using a prescribed characteristic curve as a basis. P(U) control is implemented as an absolute power limit. The actual power of the inverter may vary freely below this limit due to a possible fluctuation in the available power or the target value, but at no time increases above the absolute power limit.

[See figure 52 [ Page 68] and [See figure 53 [ Page 68] are two examples of configuration. In figure 1 without hysteresis, the function is activated as soon as the voltage exceeds the configured voltage of data point 1 (dp1). The power limit follows the characteristic curve, a straight line between dp1 and dp2. The function is deactivated as soon as the voltage falls below dp1. In [See figure 53 [ Page 68], the function is activated as soon as the voltage exceeds the configured voltage of dp2. In this case, dp1 does not result in activation of the function because the power limit remains at 100%. The power limit follows the characteristic curve, a straight line between dp2 and dp3. However, because hysteresis is activated, the power limit is not increased when the voltage drops. The function is deactivated as soon as the voltage falls below dp1.



P/Pref dp1 dp2 Voltage

Fig. 52: Example characteristic curve without hysteresis

Fig. 53: Example characteristic curve with hysteresis and a deactivation threshold below the activation threshold

## 10.2.3.1 Parameters for P(U)

Country- spec. Set- tings		Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
	1234	P(U) operation mode	Activate the control process.
		≣≣ Off   On	<b>Off</b> : Deactivates dynamic grid support using dynamic reactive current. Dynamic grid support remains active on account of immunity to interference.
		Reference power □= Actual power   Nominal power	Specifies the power reference for the characteristic curve. 100 % here corresponds to the nominal power or the actual power at the time the function was activated, the time when the voltage passes the configured node.
	1 2 3 4	Evaluated voltage	© Select the voltage to be rated.
		B≡Maximum phase voltage   Positive phase sequence voltage	Specifies which voltage is evaluated in a three-phase system.
	Hysteresis mode □= □=Off   On	<b>Off:</b> In non-hysteresis mode, the active power is increased immediately with dropping voltage.	
		<b>On:</b> In hysteresis mode, the power is not increased with dropping voltage	
		Deactivation gradient  1 - 65,534 [% / min]	If the available power is above the actual output at the time of deactivation, the power increase back to the maximum power is limited. The limitation is implemented by an absolute power limitation that increases with a continuous gradient up to the maximum power. The actual power of the inverter may vary freely below this limit due to a possible fluctuation in the available power or the target value, but at no time increases above the absolute power limit.
		Deactivation time	Only evaluated with activated hysteresis mode: Monitoring time during which the voltage must remain below the lowest configured node before the function is deactivated.
		Settling time <b>☼</b> 100 − 1,200,000 [ms]	Determines the dynamic behaviour in the event of a change in the active power set value. With a voltage change, the active power is changed according to a PT-1 characteristic curve with a settling time of 5 Tau.
			Note: The settling time is overlaid with the increasing and decreasing gradient.

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Country- Men Display/ spec. Set- u Setting tings level	Action in this menu/meaning
Number of nodes	Up to five nodes for voltage [V] and power [% Pref] are configurable. The power value of the first and last value pair is also used as the maximum or minimum active power value that is valid across the limits of the characteristic curve.
াঞ্চা Active curve	Select active curve.  NOTE: Up to 5 characteristic curves can be configured independently and one of them can be activated for regulation each time.

## 10.2.4 P(f)

## Adjusting the active power P(f) in the event of overfrequency

Feed-in inverters must assist with frequency stability in the grid. If the grid frequency leaves the normal tolerance range (e.g. ±200 mHz), then the grid will be in a critical state. In the event of overfrequency, there is a generation surplus, in the event of underfrequency, there is a generation deficit.

PV systems must adapt their feed-in power relative to the frequency deviation. In the event of overfrequency, the power adjustment is determined by a maximum feed-in limit. The actual power of the inverter may vary freely below this limit due to a possible fluctuation in the available power or the target value, but at no time increases above the absolute power limit.

$$P_{max-limit} = P_M + \Delta P$$

Fig. 54: Equation 1

$$\Delta P = g \cdot P_{ref} \cdot (f_1 - f)$$

Fig. 55: Equation 2

Gleichung 1 [See figure 54 [ $\triangleright$  Page 69] definiert die maximale Grenze mit  $\Delta P$  entsprechend Gleichung 2 [See figure 55 [ $\triangleright$  Page 69],  $P_M$  die Momentanleistung zum Zeitpunkt der Aktivierung und  $P_{ref}$  die Referenzleistung. In the case of PV inverters from KACO,  $P_{ref}$  is defined as  $P_M$ , the current power at the time of activation. f is the current frequency and  $f_1$  is the specified activation threshold.

$$\Delta P = \frac{1}{s} \times \frac{(f_1 - f)}{fn} \times Pref$$

Fig. 56: Equation 3

$$g = \frac{1}{s \cdot f_n}$$

Fig. 57: Equation 4

In some standards, the power adjustment is specified by a drop (s) instead of a gradient (g), as shown in equation 3 [See figure 56 [ Page 69]. The drop s can be transformed into a gradient g in accordance with equation 4 [See figure 57 [ Page 69].

The frequency f remains above the activation threshold  $f_1$  during an overfrequency incident. Consequently, the expression  $(f_1 - f)$  is negative and  $\Delta P$  corresponds to a reduction in the feed-in power.

The measurement accuracy of the frequency is greater than 10 mHz.

The specific mode of operation of the function is specified by the grid operator or the pertinent standards or the grid connection guidelines. The configurability of the function makes it possible to satisfy a wide variety of standards and guidelines. Certain configuration options are not available in some country settings because the pertinent standards or grid connection guidelines prohibit adjustments.



## Adjusting the active power P(f) in the event of underfrequency

Some grid connection guidelines also require adjustment of the active power P(f) in the event of underfrequency. Due to the fact that PV systems are typically run at the maximum power point, there are no power reserves for increasing the power in the event of underfrequency.

However, in the event that the system power is reduced due to market regulation, it is possible to increase the active power up to the power level available. Because the inverter is unable to distinguish between P constant target values for obligatory bottleneck management by the grid operator and for market regulation, this needs to be implemented in the site-specific infrastructure of system control.

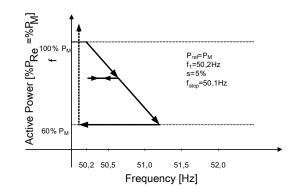


Fig. 58: Example behaviour with hysteresis (mode 1)

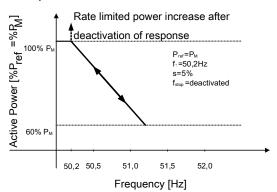


Fig. 59: P(f) example characteristic without hysteresis Mode 2

#### 10.2.4.1 Parameters for P(f)

Country- Mer spec. Set- u tings leve	Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
	P(f) operation mode	Activate or deactivate function.
	□ Off   Mode 1	Mode 1: With hysteresis activated.
	Mode 2	Mode 2: Without hysteresis activated.
	Activation threshold	Activation threshold (f1) overfrequency:
	with overfrequency ≈ 50.2 – 70 (Hz) Activation threshold with underfrequency ≈ 40 – 45 (Hz)	Determines the frequency threshold for activating the function in case of overfrequency incidents. The active power adjustment is activated if the frequency rises above the configured value and mode 1 or 2 is activated.
		In mode 2, the function is deactivated if the frequency falls below the configured value.
		Activation threshold (f1) underfrequency:
		Determines the frequency threshold for activating the function in case of underfrequency incidents. The active power adjustment is activated if the frequency falls below the configured value and mode 1 or 2 is activated.
		In mode 2, the function is deactivated if the frequency rises above the configured value.
P(f) intentional delay	The activation of the function based on the activation threshold is delayed by the configured time.	
	, , ,	Note 1: This function is regarded as critical for the stability of the transmission grid and is therefore prohibited by several national grid connection regulations.
	Note 2: This function is stipulated as a requirement by some domestic grid connection directives in order to prevent any negative impact on island detection. However, P(f) has no negative impact on KACO's enhanced island detection.	

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Country- Men Display/ spec. Set- u Setting tings level	Action in this menu/meaning
Frequency of the max-	Deactivation range lower limit:
imum deactivation	Only evaluated in mode 1.
threshold  ☐ 45 - 50.2 (Hz)  Frequency of the minimum deactivation	The function is deactivated if the frequency returns to the deactivation range and remains in this range for the duration of the deactivation time.
threshold	Deactivation range upper limit:
₽= 45 – 50,2 (Hz)	Only evaluated in mode 1.  The function is deactivated if the frequency returns to the deactivation range and remains in this range for the duration of the deactivation time.
P(f) deactivation time	Only evaluated in mode 1.
<b>⇔</b> 0 − 3600 [s]	The function is deactivated if the frequency returns to the range between the minimum and maximum deactivation threshold and remains in this range for the duration of the deactivation time.
P(f) deactivation gradient ent 1 - 65,534 [% / min]	If the available power is above the actual output at the time of deactivation, the power increase back to the maximum power is limited. The limitation is implemented by an absolute power limitation that increases with a continuous gradient up to the maximum power. The actual power of the inverter may vary freely below this limit due to a possible fluctuation in the available power or the target value, but at no time increases above the absolute power limit.
Maximum dynamic	Dynamic gradient maximum frequency:
gradient frequency	If dynamic gradient mode is activated, the gradient is calculated in order to guarantee a linear power adjustment and reach the maximum charging power if the frequency rises to the maximum configured frequency.
<b>‡</b> 45 − 50 [Hz]	Dynamic gradient minimum frequency:
	If dynamic gradient mode is activated, the gradient is calculated in order to guarantee a linear power adjustment and reach the maximum feed-in power if the frequency drops to the minimum configured frequency.
P(f) settling time	Determines the dynamic behaviour in the event of a change in the active power limit. In the event of a change in frequency, the active power is altered subject to a PT-1 characteristic curve using a settling time of 5 Tau.
	The settling time is overlaid with the increasing and decreasing gradient.
tion increase & Output gradient limitation de-	Specifies the dynamic response on changing the active power for power increase and decrease. With a voltage change, the active power is changed with the specified gradient.
crease	Note: The gradient is overlaid with the settling time.

## 10.3 FRT

## Dynamic grid support (Fault Ride Through)

A generation plant's ability to remain immune to voltage drops and voltage spikes in the supply system is a key element in establishing a reliable energy supply. Immunity to interference ensures that brief disruptions do not result in a loss of generation capacity in a larger range of an interconnected grid. Grid support by a fast feeding of residual current also limits the spatial extent of the incident.

With its dynamic grid support by way of immunity, the device has this characteristic. The ability to remain on the grid is particularly relevant. The protective settings also determine the device's ability to remain on the grid or not. Protective settings take the upper hand over the capacity of immunity to interference.



## 10.3.1 Dynamic grid support by way of immunity to interference

## Interference immunity against undervoltage

Voltage drop above the limit curve in can be overcome without the need for shutdown from the grid. The feed-in power remains constantly within the limits of the maximum continuous current of the inverter.

If a reduction in power occurs, the power is brought back up to the pre-fault level within 100 ms of the voltage returning.

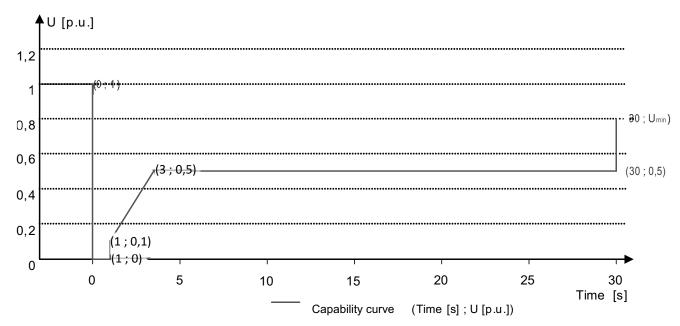


Fig. 60: Immunity to interference characteristic curve relative to the nominal voltage (p.u.) of the blueplanet 125.0TL3

Die Wechselrichter können Spannungsschwankungen durchfahren, sofern der Spannungspegel nicht länger als 100 s über dem Dauerbetriebsspannungsbereich bleibt und nicht über den kurzfristigen maximalen Betriebsspannungsbereich (bis 100 s) hinaus ansteigt. Die für jeden Wechselrichter spezifischen Werte finden Sie hier.

Der im Wechselrichter integrierte Schnittstellenschutz (Spannung, Frequenz, Anti-Islanding) ist in einem Bereich konfigurierbar, der das obige Verhalten zulässt. Wenn jedoch die Einstellung des Schnittstellenschutzes die Spannungs-Zeit-Kennlinie begrenzt, löst der Schnittstellenschutz aus und unterbricht die Durchfahrt wie konfiguriert.

#### 10.3.2 Dynamic grid support using a fast feeding of residual current

When dynamic grid support using a fast feeding of residual current is activated, then residual current is fed in in addition to the immunity to interference properties against drops and spikes described above.

The inverter adapts its current feed as soon as a drop or spike incident occurs in order to bolster the grid voltage. The support takes place in the event of voltage drop in the form of over-excited reactive current (corresponds to a capacitive load), in the event of voltage spike in the form of over-excited reactive current (corresponds to an inductive load). In the reactive current priority mode, the effective current is reduced to the extent necessary to comply with the limits of the maximum continuous current of the inverter.

A dip or swell is detected if either the normal operating voltage range setting is exceeded by at least one phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage, or if a step in the positive or negative sequence component of the voltage greater than the deadband setting occurs. The magnitude of the voltage step of the positive and negative sequence voltage equates to the difference between the pre-fault voltage and the actual voltage based on the reference voltage. The pre-fault voltage is calculated as a 50-periods mean value.

$$\Delta u = \frac{U - U50per}{Uref}$$

Fig. 61: Formula no. 1

The reactive current is adapted using a response time of <20 ms and a transient time of <60 ms after the incident has occurred. Responses to changes in the voltage during the incident or to the voltage recovery at the end of the incident take place with the same dynamic.

The formula for calculating the dynamic reactive current that is fed for the positive or negative phase sequence voltage is:



$$I_b = \Delta u * k * I_N$$

Fig. 62: Formula no. 2, depending on the nominal current IN of the inverter

For the positive and negative phase sequence voltage,  $\Delta u$  equates to the difference between the pre-fault voltage and the current voltage based on the reference voltage. The pre-fault voltage is calculated as a 1-min mean value.

$$\Delta u = \frac{U - U1min}{Uref}$$

Fig. 63: Formula no. 3

On account of the definition of a voltage jump in pre-norm EN50549-2 and in VDE-AR-N 4120 and VDE-AR-N 4110, it is typically the case that another voltage jump is detected when the incident is at an end, when the fault is rectified and when the voltage returns to a normal state. The result of this is that in an active operation mode a dynamic grid support using a fast feeding of residual current remains active even after the incident has passed and that reactive current is fed in according to the formulae (2) and (3). Dynamic grid support using fast feeding of residual current is then deactivated after a configured minimum support time, usually 5 s.

$$I_b = (\Delta u_1 - tb) * k * I_N$$

Fig. 64: Formula no. 4

#### 10.3.3 Parameters for FRT

10.3.3 Palai	lieters for FK1	
Country- Mer spec. Set- u tings leve	Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
1 <b>2</b> 3	■ FRT (Fault Ride Through)	NOTE: The device supports dynamic grid stabilization (Fault Ride-Through).NOTE: More detailed information at: [See section 10.3 Page 71]
	☐ Operation mode –	Setting: Manual
	On   Off	All parameters can be configured independently.
	Setting   Manual   Pre- defined zero current	Setting: Predefined zero current
	defined zero current	Dynamic grid support active on account of immunity to interference and zero current feed-in. During a voltage incident, the current in the inverter is reduced to zero.
		All parameters are pre-configured, only the activation threshold for zero current has to be configured.
	Priority – Reactive cur-	Priority: Reactive current priority
	rent limitation   Active current priority	Dynamic grid support active on account of immunity to interference and fast feeding of residual current. The inverter feeds additional reactive current according to the formulae (2) and (4).
		Priority: Effective current priority
		Dynamic grid support active on account of immunity to interference and fast feeding of active current with dynamic reactive current. The inverter feeds in as much active power as available. If, as a result of this, the maximum continuous current is not achieved, the device supplies additional reactive current according to the formulae (2) and (4) up to the limit of continuous current.
	Zero current under-	If one or more phase/phase or phase/neutral conductor voltages move
	voltage threshold	above the configured threshold, the inverter changes to zero current mode. The total current is regulated to virtually zero.
	Zero current threshold over voltage	,
	<b>‡</b> 0 − 184 V / 253 − 340 V	

Country- Mer spec. Set- u tings leve	Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
	Reference voltage	Nominal value of the phase/neutral conductor voltage used as a reference voltage for formula (1) and (3). Adjustable in the range from level 1 undervoltage protection to level 1 overvoltage protection.
	Constant k negative sequence dip  Constant k negative sequence swell  k 0 – 10	Amplification factor for the negative sequence used in the calculation of the reactive current using formulae (2) and (4) Can be configured independently for drops and spikes.
	Constant k positive sequence dip &  Constant k positive sequence swell   k 0 − 10 © 2	Amplification factor for the negative sequence used in the calculation of the reactive current using formulae (2) and (4) Can be configured independently for drops and spikes.
	Dead band	Dynamic grid support through fast feeding of residual current activated in the case of voltage events with a voltage change greater than the dead band.
	Dynamic reactive current only  □□Off   On	<b>Standard</b> : The reactive current according to the formulae (2) and (4) is fed as <b>additional</b> reactive current. The means that sum of the pre-fault and additional reactive current is fed in.
		Only dynamic: The reactive current according to the formulae (2) and (4) is fed in as absolute reactive current. This means that regardless of the reactive current before the voltage event, only the reactive current is fed in according to the formulae (2) and (4) is fed in during the voltage event.
	Dead band mode □= □=Mode 1   Mode 2	<b>Mode 1</b> : When calculating the reactive current, the value of the dead band is not subtracted from the amount of voltage change.
		As such, formula (2) applies to overvoltage and undervoltage incidents. <b>Mode 2:</b> When calculating the reactive current, the value of the dead band is subtracted from the amount of voltage change. For overvoltage and undervoltage events, formula (4) therefore applies: $   \mathbf{b} = (\Delta u_1 - \mathbf{b})^*   \mathbf{k}^*  _{\mathbb{N}} $
	Minimum operating voltage  45 – 125.0 [% Unom] &  Maximum operating voltage  45 – 125.0 [% Unom]	Dynamic grid support via fast feeding of residual current is activated on voltage events with at least one phase/phase or phase/neutral conductor voltage outside the configured normal operating voltage range. Dynamic grid support via fast feeding ore residual current is deactivated when the voltage returns to the normal operating voltage range.
	Reactive current limitation	The reactive power component of the fast feeding of residual current is limited to permit a defined proportion of active power components.
	Minimum support time	If due to a voltage jump in accordance with formula (1) and the configured dead band is activated, the dynamic grid support is deactivated via fast feeding of residual current after the minimum support time elapses.



# 10.4 Other grid-supporting functions that are effective in the case of active power

#### 10.4.1 Permanent power gradient limitation

The maximum active and apparent power to be installed for a generation plant is agreed between the grid operator and plant operator. The device capacity of a plant can be set to the exact agreed value using the  $S_{lim}$  and  $P_{lim}$  settings. To ensure that the load on the devices in the plant is uniform, we recommend distributing the performance reduction evenly across all devices.

Some grid connection rules insist that the agreed reactive power be supplied from every operating point of the plant without a reduction in the actual active power. Considering the fact that all KACO TL3 inverters have a semi-circular P-Q operating range, a reduction in the active power is, however, required during operation at maximum active power because an apparent power reserve is not available. By adjusting P<sub>lim</sub>, the maximum active power can be restricted in order to establish an apparent power reserve and ensure that the agreed reactive power can be delivered from any active power operating point. The graphic [See figure 65 [ Page 75] shows the appropriate P-Q operating range with a required example active power of 48% of the maximum apparent power of the plant or 43% of the maximum active power of the plant.

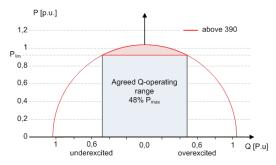


Fig. 65: P-Q operating range with limited active power (Qmax=Smax≠Pmax) for PV inverters

The power reduction parameters can be adjusted in SunSpec model DID123. During this process, you should also check whether internal and/or external power reduction is active.

	•	
Internal power limitation	Parameters for external power limitation	Parameters for power limitation
Status = active	Status = active	Parameters in SunSpec model 123:
Maximum apparent power $S_{lim}$ = 100000 VA		"WMaxLimPct" = 50% P <sub>lim</sub> ( <b>approx. 40000 W</b> )
Maximum active power P <sub>lim</sub> = <b>80% (approx. 80000 W)</b>	AC fallback active power Pfb = <b>75%</b> P <sub>lim</sub> (approx. 60000 W)	"WMaxLimPct_RvrtTms" = <b>60 s</b> "WMacLimPct_RmpTms" = <b>2 s</b>
	PT1 settling time = 1 s	"WMaxlim Fna" = 1

Tab. 5: Sample parameters for power limitation

If the ramp time "WMaxLimPct\_RvrtTms" in the SunSpec model is specified as 0 s, then the internal output gradient is used. Otherwise, the set value will be used.

Irrespective of the communication protocol used, the settling time "WMaxLim\_Ena" is used in order to transfer the new power value. Otherwise, the internally configured value will be used.

The additional ramp time "WMaxLimPct\_RmpTms" specifies the jump time from a power value to the new power value.

The following formulae are used to calculate the gradient S<sub>lim/min</sub>:

$$\text{GradientWattPerMin} = \frac{\left(\frac{WMaxLimPct}{100} \times Plim - Pactual\right)}{WMaxLimPct_{RmpTms}} \times 60 \times \frac{100}{Slim}$$

GradientWattPerMin = 
$$\frac{\left(\frac{50\%}{100} \times 40000 W - 60000 W\right)}{2 s} \times 60 \times \frac{100}{100000 VA}$$

#### GradientWattPerMin = −600 % Slim /min



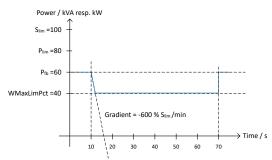


Fig. 66: Power gradient according to sample parameters and calculation

The following formulae are used to calculate the Q filter parameter and  $\cos \phi$  gradient:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{GradientVArPerMin} = \frac{\left(\frac{VArMaxPct}{100} \times Slim - Qactual\right)}{VArPct\_RmpTms} \times 60 \times \frac{100}{Slim} \end{aligned}$$

Fig. 67: Formula for calculating the Q filter parameter

$$\label{eq:GradientVArPerMin} \begin{aligned} \text{GradientVArPerMin} &= \frac{\left(\frac{VArMaxPct}{100} \times Slim - Qactual\right)}{OutPFSet\_RmpTms} \times 60 \times \frac{100}{Slim} \end{aligned}$$

Fig. 68: Formula for calculating the cos φ gradient (internal power gradient)

#### 10.4.1.1 Parameters for permanent power limitation

Country- spec. Set- tings	Setting	Action in this menu/meaning
	Power limitation	Activate or disable the power limitation.
	Check activation	
	Maximum apparent power $1000 - S_{max} [VA]$	The apparent power is limited globally to the configured value in VA. As soon as $S_{\text{lim}}$ has been configured, all of the active and reactive power control values will use $S_{\text{lim}}$ as 100% instead of $S_{\text{max}}$ .
	Maximum active power 1 – 100 [% S <sub>lim</sub> ]	Active power is limited globally to the configured value in % $\rm S_{\rm lim}$ or $\rm S_{\rm max}$

#### 10.4.2 Soft start up / power ramp-up limiting

A soft start-up function is available to prevent the grid from being negatively impacted by a sudden increase in feed-in power from the inverters.

When the inverter is activated or switched on, the increase in power is restricted by the set gradient. It is possible to configure whether the soft start-up should occur every time the device is switched on, only upon initial start-up each day or only upon start-up after the device has been switched off by grid protection. Due primarily to the fact that there is the risk that many plants could increase their power levels simultaneously after they have been switched off by grid protection, a soft start-up is usually only required for start-up after a device has been switched off by grid protection.

The soft start up is implemented by an absolute power limitation that increases with a continuous gradient up to the maximum power. The actual power of the inverter may vary freely below this limit due to a possible fluctuation in the available power or the target value, but at no time increases above the absolute power limit.



#### 10.4.2.1 Parameter for power ramp

	NOTE: The power ramp allows a moderate increase of the Performance possible
Gradient	Gradient of power limit. The maximum power limit increase to 100% of nominal power with the gradient specified.
After every connect	Soft start ramp up is activated for every connection of the inverter to the grid
After first connect	Soft start ramp up is activated for the first connection of the inverter to the grid on a particular day or after complete reboot of the inverter (AC and DC disconnected)
After grid error	Soft start ramp up is activated for connection of the inverter to the grid after trip of the internal interface protection or via the external grid protection port (Powador-protect)

# 10.5 Advanced islanding detection

Due to decentralized generation, there is the possibility that a deactivated part of the grid will remain live in an unintended island due to the balance of load and generation in this part of the grid. The detection of unintended island formation is an important function of decentralized generating units and is related to the prevention of damage to equipment as well as safety of personnel.

Depending on the structure and the operation of the distribution grid several dangers exist:

- In case of maintenance work in a distribution grid, personnel may be placed in danger if the deactivated part of the grid remains live as an island. This is especially the case if not all safety rules are followed.
- If fast auto-reclosure is used in a distribution grid and the deactivated part of the grid remains live as an island, reclosure will likely happen during phase displacement which might cause damage to rotating machinery on the grid.
- In the event of a fault in a medium voltage grid, the faulty part of the grid is disconnected. If the fault has a significant resistance, the deactivated part of a medium-voltage grid remains live as an island. Depending on the type of fault, but explicitly in case of a fault in the transformer, dangerous medium voltage might be accessible or even present in low-voltage appliances.

Especially for the last example very fast disconnection of the generating units to cause collapse of the forming island is necessary. At the same time any island formation detection method may cause false tripping. The industry is therefore in constant research to develop methods that are fast and reliable and at the same time reliably prevent false tripping.

### Enhanced island detection method

KACO new energy's advanced islanding detection uses a reliable islanding detection strategy based on the characteristic differences between an interconnected grid and an islanded grid, thus ensuring reliable fast detection and prevention of false tripping.

An interconnected grid is dominated by rotating machinery, as a consequence frequency is proportional to active power balance and voltage is proportional to reactive power balance. In contrast an islanded grid behaves like a resonant circuit, as a consequence frequency is proportional to reactive power balance and voltage is proportional to active power balance. The active enhanced island detection method detects this difference by monitoring the behaviour of the grid. The enhanced island detection is monitoring the natural fluctuation of the grid frequency and injects a minimal reactive power proportional to the rate of change of frequency. In the moment an island is formed, the connected power grid closes a positive feedback loop which allows the inverter to detect the changed situation and to disconnect. In case of formation of an island, the inverter disconnects within some 100 ms, well below 1000 ms.

- The number of parallel inverters does not affect the reliability of this function.
- This method also guarantees the minimisation of effects on the distribution grid.
- In normal operation no effects on harmonic content, flicker and grid stability are detected.

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This detection method is combined with a two stage passive rate of change of frequency (ROCOF) observation. If the ROCOF of the grid exceeds the configured disconnection threshold of stage 1 for the configured disconnection time, the device switches to zero current mode. If the ROCOF of the grid exceeds the configured disconnection threshold of stage 2 for the configured disconnection time, the device switches off. In case of an island, this will shut down the island instantaneously. If the grid stabilizes, what might be the case if the ROCOF event was due to a short disturbance in the power grid, the inverter will resume normal operation. With stage 1 active, the device has switched to zero current mode and will recommence feed-in after only 100 ms. With stage 2 active, the device has switched off and the set reconnection conditions shall apply.



# 11 Maintenance and troubleshooting

# 11.1 Visual inspection

Inspect the product and cables for visible external damage and note the operating status display, where applicable. In the event of damage, notify your installation engineer. Repairs may only be carried out by authorised electricians.



## **⚠** DANGER

#### Risk of fatal injury due to contact voltages!

Removing the plug connections before disconnecting the device from the PV generator may lead to injuries and damage the device.

- 1. During installation: Electrically disconnect the DC positive and DC negative from the protective earth (PE).
- 2. Disconnect the device from the PV generator using the integrated DC isolator switch.
- 3. Remove the plug connector.



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Dangerous voltage due to two operating voltages

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched. The discharge time of the capacitors is up to 5 minutes.



- 1. Only appropriately qualified electricians authorised by the mains supply network operator are permitted to open and maintain the device.
- 2. Before opening the device: Disconnect the AC and DC sides and wait at least 5 minutes.



#### **NOTE**

There are components in the housing of the device which may only be repaired by the customer service team.

- 1. Do not attempt to repair faults that are not described here (in the chapter on troubleshooting and fault rectification). Contact our Customer Service department. Only perform the maintenance work that is described here.
- 2. Log each maintenance activity in the "Service" menu item: "Service Log" (exception: "User" interface) [See section 9.4.2 Page 52]
- 3. The device should be checked for proper operation by a qualified electrician at regular intervals and if you experience problems, you should always contact the system manufacturer's Service department.

# 11.2 Cleaning

#### 11.2.1 Cleaning the housing



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Danger of death due to penetrating fluid

Serious injuries or death can result if moisture enters the system.

- 1. Only use completely dry objects to clean the device.
- 2. The device should only be cleaned from the outside.

# **A** CAUTION

#### Damage to the housing parts when using cleaning agents!

1. If the device is contaminated, only clean the housing, cooling fins, housing cover, display and the LEDs with water and a cloth.

# **A** CAUTION

#### Risk of damage to the device during cleaning!

- 1. Do not use compressed air or high-pressure cleaners.
- 2. Use a vacuum cleaner or a soft brush to remove dust from the fan cover and from the top of the device on a regular basis.
- 3. Remove dust from the ventilation inlets if necessary.

# 11.2.2 Cleaning the heat sink



#### **NOTE**

Refer to our service and guarantee conditions on our homepage.

- ✓ The cleaning intervals must be adapted to match the ambient conditions of the installation location.
- 1. In sandy environments, we recommend cleaning the heat sinks and fans every quarter.
- If the heat sink is heavily soiled, we recommend that you dismount the fan temporarily.
- Switch off the device and secure it against restart.
- U Have appropriate brushes to hand (120x35 mm and 25x4mm) for cleaning.
- 1. Clean the free space between the cover and the heat sink using chosen brushes.
- 2. Clean the heat sink with an appropriately selected brush.
- . NOTE: Do not use any aggressive cleaning agents and ensure that no other components come into contact with fluids.
- ⇒ Cleaning completed if necessary, remount the fans.

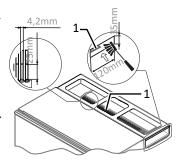


Fig. 69: Clean the cooling fins

1 Heat sink



# 11.3 Replacing the fan

#### Dismounting the fan

- U Lack of current and voltage ensured on the inverter.
- 1. Wait until both fans are no longer turning.
- 2. Detach the fastening for the fan safety grille [XT\_20 & W\_7].
- 3. Detach the fastening for the fan and carefully remove the fan downwards [★ T\_20 & W\_7].
- 4. Carefully disconnect the plug connector for the dismounted fan from inside the housing.
- 5. Remove the fan from the base plate.
- ⇒ Install the replacement fan.

### Installing the fan

<sup>⋄</sup> You have removed the defective fan.

#### ○ NOTE: Make sure that the fan is positioned correctly when installing!

- 1. Insert the connection plug into the corresponding socket inside the housing.
- 2. Insert the replacement fan into the base plate.
- 3. Fit the fastening for the fan to the base plate [ $XT_20 / \text{-} 2.5 \text{ Nm}$ ].
- 4. Fit the fastening for the fan safety grille [XT\_20 & W\_7 / 1 2.5 Nm].
- 5. If required, fit another fan.
- ⇒ Switching on the device [See section 8 Page 37].

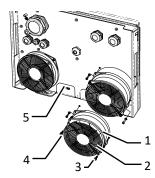


Fig. 70: Dismounting the fan

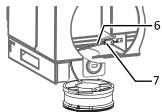


Fig. 71: Unplug the fan plug

- 1 Fan
- 2 Protective grating for fan
- 3 Fastening for protective grating
- 4 Fastening for fan
- 5 Base plate
- 6 Connector plug
- 7 Connection socket

# 11.4 Replacing the string fuses



# **A** DANGER

# Risk of fire if the fuse holder is disconnected under load!

The connection terminals and fuse holder can be destroyed by arcing if disconnected or if the fuses are removed.

- ✓ Shutdown sequence:
- 1. Switch off the PV generator using the DC isolator switch.
- 2. Danger The DC cables are still live!
- 3. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 4. Only open the fuse holder once you have established that there is no current in the DC cables.
- $\circlearrowright$  Use a clip-on ammeter to check the current flow in each DC string.
  - If there is no current flow, the string fuse must be checked:
- U The shutdown sequence in the preceding warning has been carried out.
- 1. Unlock and open the housing door.
- 2. Open the relevant DC fuse holder.
- 3. Use a multimeter to check the DC fuse for flow.
  - Flow: Reinsert DC fuse in the fuse holder and close.
  - No flow: Replace DC fuse.



4. Check for other sources of interference on the DC string (fault on cable/modules / DC plugs (XL version), polarity and design)

#### Replacing the string fuses

- 1. Remove defective DC fuse from the fuse holder.
- . NOTE: DC fuses can be ordered from the KACO customer service team.
- 2. Insert DC fuse of the same type into the fuse holder.
- 3. Ensure the DC fuse holder is completely closed after fitting.
- ⇒ Fuse holders are fitted with fuses. Close the housing door and switch on the inverter as described in chapter [See section 8.1 Page 37].

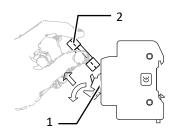


Fig. 72: Insert DC fuse

- 1 Fuse holder
- 2 DC fuse

# 11.5 Shutting down for maintenance / troubleshooting



#### **⚠** DANGER

# Lethal voltages are still present in the connections and cables of the device even after the device has been switched off and disconnected!

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched.

Only appropriately qualified electricians authorised by the mains supply network operator are permitted to open and maintain the device.

1. Comply with all safety regulations and current technical connection specifications of the responsible power supply company.

# **NOTE:** Switch-off sequence

- 1. Switch off the mains voltage by deactivating the external fuse elements.
- 2. Activate the DC side depending on the unit version:
  - XL: Unit version: Switch off DC supply via the DC disconnector.
- . DANGER! The DC lines are still live!
- 3. S, basic + M unit version: Switch off DC supply externally via the string combiner (not included in the scope of delivery) at the DC isolator switch.
- ⇒ Wait 5 minutes after switching off before opening the inverter.

# 11.6 Overvoltage protection



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Risk of fire if the overvoltage module is disconnected under load!

The connection terminals and fuse holder can be destroyed by arcing if disconnected or if the modules are removed.

- ✓ Switch-off sequence:
- 1. Switch off the grid voltage by turning off the external circuit breakers.
- 2. Switch off the PV generator using the DC isolator switch.
- 3. The DC cables are still live!
- 4. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 5. Only open the fuse holder once you have established that there is no current in the DC cables.
- 6. Ensure that there is no voltage present on the grid connection terminals.



# Checking overvoltage protection modules (XL, M version: if retrofitted)

- U The shutdown sequence in the preceding warning has been carried out.
- U Housing door unlocked and open.
- U Base monitoring must be activated via the menu SPD monitoring.
- 1. Check individual modules using the status display.
- . NOTE: Faulty modules report a colour-coded status.
  - ⇒ NOTE: Testing finished, replace any faulty modules.

# Replacing overvoltage protection modules (XL, M version: if retrofitted)

- U Ensure there is no AC/DC voltage present.
- NOTE: Modules can be ordered from our customer service team. In this respect, please refer to the documentation "Application notes blueplanet 29.0 TL3 / 50.0 TL3 / 60.0 TL3 – Installing surge protection device" on our website.
- 1. Unlock faulty AC modules via the upper and lower locking latches.
- 2. Unlock faulty DC modules via the upper locking latches using a screwdriver.
- 3. Remove faulty modules from the base.
- 4. Transfer the coding in the base to the new module of the same type.
- 5. Insert modules into the base.
- ⇒ Surge protection device is fully equipped. Close the housing door and switch on the inverter ( [See section 8 Page 37]).

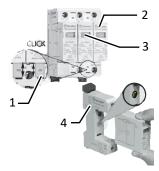


Fig. 73: AC overvoltage protection

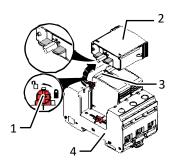


Fig. 74: DC overvoltage protection

- 1 Lock
- 2 Overvoltage module
- 3 Status indicator
- 4 Base

# 11.7 Faults

#### 11.7.1 Procedure



# **⚠** DANGER

Lethal voltages are still present in the connections and cables of the device even after the device has been switched off and disconnected!

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched.

- 1. If a fault occurs, notify an appropriately authorized and qualified electrician or KACO new energy GmbH Service.
- 2. The operator can only carry out actions marked with a B.



### **NOTE**

In case of power failure, wait for the system to automatically restart. Notify your electrician if there is an extended power failure.

#### 11.7.2 Rectifying a fault

Fault	Possible cause	Explanation/remedy	Ву
The display is blank and the LEDs do not light up		> Check whether the DC and AC voltages are within the permitted limits (see Technical Data)	E
		> Notify KACO Service.	Е



Fault	Possible cause	Explanation/remedy	Ву
The device stops feeding into the grid shortly	Faulty grid separation relay in the device.	If the grid separation relay is defective, the device will recognise this error during the self-test.	K
after being switched on,		> Ensure that there is sufficient PV generator power.	Е
even though there is sunlight present.		> If the grid separation relay is defective, have it replaced by KACO Service.	
		› Notify KACO Service.	
Device is active but is not feeding into the grid. The display indicates a	Grid-feed is interrupted due to a grid fault.	Due to a grid fault (over/undervoltage, over/underfrequency), the device stopped the feed-in process and disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.	
grid failure.		> Change the grid parameters within the permitted operating limits (see the "Start-Up" section).	E
The grid fuse trips.	The grid fuse capacity is too low.	In case of a high level of solar radiation, the inverter exceeds its rated current for a short period, depending on the PV generator.	
		Select the capacity of the device's backup fuse to be somewhat higher than the maximum feed-in current (see the "Installation" section).	E
		> Contact the grid operator if the grid failure continues to occur.	E
The grid fuse trips.	Hardware damage on the device.	If the grid fuse trips immediately when the device goes into feed-in mode (after the start-up period is complete), the device's hardware is probably damaged.	
		Contact KACO Service to test the hardware.	Е
The device is displaying an impossible daily peak value.	Faults in the grid.	The device continues to operate as normal without losses to the yield, even when an erroneous daily peak value is displayed. The value is reset overnight.	
		To reset the value immediately, switch the device off by disconnecting it from the grid and switching off the DC, then switch it back on.	E
Daily yields do not cor- respond to the yields on the feed-in meter.	Tolerances of the measuring elements in the device.	The measuring elements of the device have been selected to ensure maximum yields. Due to these tolerances, the daily yields shown may deviate from the values on the feed-in meter by up to 15%.	E
		> No action.	
Device is active but is not feeding into the grid. Display: "Waiting for feed-in"	Generator voltage too low; grid voltage or PV generator voltage un- stable.	The PV generator voltage or power is not sufficient for feed-in (solar radiation is too low). The inverter checks the grid parameters before the feed-in process begins. The length of time it takes to switch back on again differs from country to country, depending on applicable standards and regulations, and may be several minutes. The starting voltage may have been set incorrectly.	
		› Adjust starting voltage in the Parameter menu.	Е



Fault	Possible cause	Explanation/remedy	Ву	
Noise emission from the device.	Particular ambient conditions.			
		> No action		
In spite of high radiation levels, the inverter does not feed the maximum power into the grid.		Because the temperatures inside the device are too high, the device reduces its power to prevent damage to the device.  Note the technical data. Ensure that the convection cooling is not impeded from the exterior. Do not cover the cooling fins.		
	DC fuse defective	> Ensure sufficient cooling of the device.	В	
		Remove any foreign bodies which are present on the unit.	В	
		Clean the cooling fins	Е	
		A generator string is disconnected from the device owing to a faulty fuse. Check why it has tripped by measuring all DC strings using a clip-on ammeter. If there is no current flow in a string, the associated DC fuse is faulty.		
		Check the no-load voltage and dimensioning of the PV generator. Replace any damaged modules.	В, Е	
		Replace the PV fuse with a fuse of the same size and type.		

Tab. 6: Troubleshooting

B = Operator's responsibility; E = The indicated work may only be carried out by an authorised electrician.; K = The indicated work may only be carried out by a service employee of KACO new energy GmbH!

## 11.8 Fault messages

Many fault signals indicate a fault in the grid. They are not operational faults of the device. The triggering levels are defined in standards, e.g. VDE0126-1-1. The device shuts down if the values exceed or fall below the approved levels.

Fault LED (red)	Status	Explanation	LED
	FS (fault status)	<ul> <li>Fault signal relay has been tripped.</li> </ul>	To:
<b>**</b>		<ul> <li>Feed-in was ended due to a fault.</li> </ul>	
	OS (operating status)	<ul> <li>The fault relay releases again.</li> </ul>	Off
		<ul> <li>The device feeds back into the grid again after a country- specific time period.</li> </ul>	

# 11.9 Troubleshooting

The following table lists the possible status and fault messages, the ProLog© status messages that the device can display by means of the LC display / web interface and the LEDs.

No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
1			Waiting for feed-in	The start voltage (pre-)set in the device is higher than the actual voltage. The device waits for the solar voltage to exceed an adjustable value and for a stable grid.	Check whether the start voltage was set too high in the menu.	В

No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
2			Insufficient generator voltage / insufficient battery voltage	Insufficient generator voltage and power, status before the transition to night shutdown.	Insufficient DC voltage or voltage fails under load (in- sufficient DC power) a) Compare the voltage measured with the no-load voltage expected. b) Check if the DC isolator switch is switched off c) Check whether DC polarity reversal is present. d) Check whether the device software is fully installed via menu. e) Is the display showing the correct voltages measured?	-
8			Self test in progress	Checks the shutdown of the power electronics as well as the grid relay before feed-in mode.	-	-
10			Temperature in unit too high	Possible causes: ambient temperature too high, fan covered, device fault.	Cool off the area around the inverter. Uncover the fans. Contact a qualified electrician!	BE
17			"Powador-protect discon- nection" or "External grid protection shutdown"	The activated grid and system protection has been tripped.	Wait for reactiva- tion. Notify your au- thorised electrician if the fault occurs repeatedly!	Е
18			Resid. current shutdown	Residual current was detected. The feed-in was interrupted.	Contact a qualified electrician!	Е
19			Generator insulation fault	There is an insulation fault on the PV generator. The feed-in was interrupted.	There is an insulation fault on the PV generator. The feed-in was interrupted.	E
30			Voltage trans. fault	Current and voltage measurement in the device are not plausible.	Switch off the device entirely (switch off AC + DC for min. 5 minutes), if the fault occurs again, contact the service department	В



No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
31			RCD module error	Current offset during automatic offset adjustment too great.	Disconnect the device from the AC and DC supply. Switch it back on after several minutes. If this does not resolve the issue, notify your authorized electrician	ВЕ
32			Self test error	The internal grid separation relay test has failed.	Notify your authorised electrician if the error occurs repeatedly!	E
33			DC feed-in error	The DC feed-in has exceeded the permitted value. This DC feed-in can be caused in the device by grid conditions and may not necessarily indicate a fault.	Notify your authorised electrician if the fault occurs several times.	E
34			Internal communication error	A communication error has occurred in the internal data transmission.	Contact a qualified electrician! Check the data cable.	Е
35			Protect. shutdown SW	Protective shutdown of the software (AC overvoltage, AC overcurrent, DC link overvoltage, DC overcurrent, DC overtemperature).	Not an error! Grid- related shutdown, the grid connects again automatically.	-
36			Protection shutdown HW	Group error for all trip zone shutdowns, generally the precise shutdown reason appears first, followed by this group error.  Cause: Saturation monitoring of the AC IGBTs or AC overcurrent. Protective shutdown when critical limits are exceeded, hardware.		-
37	0		Unknown hardware	No valid version of the power unit was detected. Incorrect hardware installed.	Disconnect the device from the AC and DC supply. Switch it back on after 5 minutes. If this does not resolve the issue, notify your authorised electrician	BE
38			Error: Generator Voltage too high Error: Battery over- voltage	The voltage of the DC generator is too high. The PV generator is configured incorrectly.	Contact a qualified electrician!	Е
41	•		Line failure: undervoltage L1	Voltage on Lx below the set limit value. The limit value is country-dependent.	Check AC voltage at connection terminals. Check setting values in the parameters menu. Contact the service department if the error persists	E

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No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
42			Line failure: overvoltage L1	Voltage on Lx above the set limit value. The limit value is country-dependent.	Check AC voltage at connection terminals. Check setting values in the parameters menu. Contact the service department if the error persists	Е
43			Line failure: undervoltage L2	see description in the event of an error 41	see action in the event of an error 41	E
44			Line failure: overvoltage L2	see description in the event of an error 42	see action in the event of an error 42	Е
45			Line failure: undervoltage L3	see description in the event of an error 41	see action in the event of an error 41	E
46			Line failure: overvoltage L3	see description in the event of an error 42	see action in the event of an error 42	E
47			Grid failure phase-to-phase voltage	The measured phase-to-phase voltage is outside of the tolerance limits.	Check software version (possible cancellation during upload) Notify KACO Service!	B/K
48			Line failure: underfrequency	Measured value for grid frequency is outside the permissible limit. Limit is country-depend- ent. Grid frequency below the minimum per- missible grid frequency set	Check setting values in the parameters menu. Fault can be caused by a poor connection on the AC side. Check connection terminals from the device to the grid connection.	E
49			Grid failure overfrequency	Measured value for grid frequency is outside the permissible limit. Limit is country-depend- ent. Grid frequency below the minimum per- missible grid frequency set	see action in the event of an error 48	Е
50			Line failure: average voltage	The grid voltage measurement according to EN 50160 has exceeded the maximum permitted limit value. This fault may be grid-related.	Contact a qualified electrician!	Е
57			Waiting for reactivation	Waiting time of the device following an error.	The devices switches on after a country-specific waiting period.	-
58			Control board overtemp.	The temperature inside the device was too high. The device shuts down to avoid hardware damage.	Ensure sufficient ventilation.	Е
59			Self test error	A fault occurred during a self-test.	Contact a qualified electrician!	E
67			Error power unit 1	Shutdown due to a fault on the DC side. Possible causes: - Trip zone (overcurrent DC & Saturation monitoring DC) - Overcurrent DC - Overvoltage DC	Check whether the modules on the DC side are connected correctly. If necessary, contact a qualified electrician!	Е



No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
70			Fan 1 error	The fan is malfunctioning.	Replace defective fan. See Mainten- ance and troubleshooting chapter.	E
74			Externe Blindleistungsanforderung	The grid operator limits the feed-in power of the unit via the transmitted reactive power factor.	-	-
80			Insulation meas. not possible	The insulation measurement cannot be performed because the generator voltage is too volatile.	If the error message keeps appearing, contact the service department.	В
81			Protection shutdown line volt. L1	Overvoltage has been detected on a conductor. An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage.	The installation must be checked if this keeps occur- ring. If necessary, contact a qualified electrician!	Е
82			Protection shutdown line volt. L2	See description in the event of an error 81	See action in the event of an error 81	E
83			Protection shutdown line volt. L3	See description in the event of an error 81	See action in the event of an error 81	E
84			Protection shutdown undervolt. DC link	A voltage deviation has been found in the DC link. An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage. In a TN-C-S grid, the PE must be connected to the device and at the same time the PEN bridge in the device must be removed.	In case of repeated occurrence: Contact a qualified electrician!	
85			Protective shutdown overvolt. DC link	See description in the event of an error 84	See action in the event of an error 84	Е
86			Protect. shutdown DC link asymmetry	Overvoltage has been found in the DC link. An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage.	In case of repeated occurrence: Contact a qualified electrician!	E
87			Protect. shutdown overcurrent L1	A current that has been found on a conductor is too high. An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage.	In case of repeated occurrence: Contact a qualified electrician!	Е
88			Protect. shutdown overcurrent L2	See description in the event of an error 87	See action in the event of an error 87	Е
89			Protect. shutdown overcurrent L3	See description in the event of an error 87	See action in the event of an error 87	Е
93			Self test error buffer 1	Buffer test error during self-test. Automatic restart after 3 minutes.	Notify authorised electrician / KACO Service!	E/K
94			Self test error buffer 2	See description in the event of an error 93	See action in the event of an error 93	E/K
95			Self test error relay 1	The power section is defective.	Notify KACO Service!	K
96			Self test error relay 2	See description in the event of an error 95	See action in the event of an error 95	K

No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers
97			Protection shutdown over- current HW	Too much power has been fed into the grid. Complete disconnection of the device.	Notify authorised electrician / KACO Service!	E/K
98			Protect. shutdown HW gate driver	An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage. Complete disconnection of the device.	Notify authorised electrician / KACO Service!	E/K
99			Protect. shutdown HW buf- fer free	An internal protective mechanism has disconnected the device to protect it against damage. Complete disconnection of the device.	Notify authorised electrician / KACO Service!	E/K
100			Protect. shutdown HW overheating	The device has been switched off because the temperatures in the housing were too high.	Check to make sure that the fans are working. Replace fan if necessary.	BE
101			Temperature plausibility error	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
102			Plausibility fault efficiency	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
103			Plausibility fault DC link	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
104			Plausibility fault AFI module	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
105			Plausibility fault relay	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
106			Plausibility error DCDC converter	The device has shut down because of implausible internal measured values.	Notify KACO Service!	K
107			Check surge protection device	Overvoltage protection device (if present in the device) has tripped and must be reset if appropriate.	Check functional display of surge protection device. Observe application note on the KACO website: Installing overvoltage protection.	K
157			Control board watchdog	Control board watchdog triggered	Notify the service department.	Е
180			Pre-synchronisation not possible	Adequate voltage pre-synchronisation with the AC grid not possible. Conditions for display: Insulation resistance PV to PE too low (<150 kOhm). The insulation error is not in the module string but close to the inverter connections instead (PV+ or PV-) - DC link stability (measure to PE) may exhibit a difference of no more than +-2V during pre-synchronisation the internal voltage could not be aligned sufficiently with the AC grid voltage.		-



No.	Grid LED	LED		Display	Status description	Action	Pers ·
181			Insulation	error, centre	The insulation error is located close to the centre of a PV string. The area covers +-15% of the half of the modules based on the total number of modules. When the insulation resistance is distributed equally across the entire string, this message is also generated when the calculated insulation resistance falls below the set value. Insulation error close to the centre of the PV string (area covering +-15% of the half of the string)	Insulation errors must be rectified in order to operate the system safely and reliably.	В
182			Insulation	error, minus	The insulation error is located between the centre of a string and the minus terminal on the inverter. If the insulation error is located very close to the minus inverter terminal, then the error occurs even if the insulation error <150 kOhm and is above the set value. Insulation error on the minus terminal side of the PV string.	See action in the event of an error 181	В
183			Insulation	error, plus	The insulation error is located between the centre of a string and the plus terminal on the device. If the insulation error is located very close to the plus inverter terminal, then the error occurs even if the insulation error <150 kOhm and is above the set value. Insulation error on the plus terminal side of the PV string.	See action in the event of an error 181	В
203			Protection volt. L1	shutdown line	Protection shutdown grid voltage (effective value) L1	Incorrect grid voltage measurement that is outside the permissible range. Check the AC-side wiring (e.g. increased voltage due to inductance capacity of a transformer) If the error display occurs frequently, or every time, the installation must be checked. If the installation is faultfree, there is a device fault. Check all connection terminals from the device to the grid connection. A fluctuating or missing AC voltage can indicate this connection problem.	В
204			Protection volt. L2	shutdown line	See description in the event of an error 203	See action in the event of an error 203	В

No.	Grid LED	LED	Display	Status description	Action	Pers ·
205			Protection shutdown line volt. L3	See description in the event of an error 203	See action in the event of an error 203	В



# NOTE

# Fault number not found?

If fault numbers are displayed on the device but are not listed here, then it is usually necessary to have this looked at by your installation partner.



# 12 Decommissioning and dismantling

# 12.1 Switching off the device



### **▲** DANGER

Lethal voltages are still present in the connections and cables of the device even after the device has been switched off and disconnected!

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched.

- ✓ Only appropriately qualified and authorised electricians are permitted to open and uninstall the device.
- ✓ Comply with all safety regulations and current technical connection specifications of the responsible power supply company.
- 1. Switch off the grid voltage by turning off the external circuit breakers.
- 2. XL unit version: Switch off DC supply via the DC disconnector. S, basic and M unit version: Switch off DC supply externally via the string combiner (not included in the scope of delivery) and via the DC disconnector switch.
- 3. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 4. Only open the fuse holder once you have established that there is no current in the DC cables.
- 5. Secure the device against reconnection.



#### **A** DANGER

#### **Destruction of the DC plug connectors**

DC plug connectors can be destroyed by arcing if disconnected while still live. It is absolutely essential that the following shutdown sequence be carried out in the correct order:

- 1. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 2. XL device version: Disconnect all DC connections one by one. Device version S, Basic and M: Detach DC connection in the device.



# **MARNING**

#### Risk of burns caused by hot housing components

Housing components can become hot during operation.

1. During operation, only touch the housing cover on the device.

# 12.2 Disconnecting connections

#### 12.2.1 AC connection

- U It has been ensured that there is no AC/DC voltage present.
- 1. Unlock and open the housing door.
- 2. Unfasten the cables (L1/L2/L3/N/PEN) from the AC connection terminal [XT\_45].
- 3. Detach the PE line from the earthing bolt [XT 20].
- 4. Unfasten the cable fitting and remove the cables through the cable fitting [XW\_36].



#### 12.2.2 DC connection



### **⚠** DANGER

# Destruction of the DC plug connectors

DC plug connectors can be destroyed by arcing if disconnected while still live. It is absolutely essential that the following shutdown sequence be carried out in the correct order:

- 1. Check that there is no current in any of the DC cables using a clip-on ammeter.
- 2. XL device version: Disconnect all DC connections one by one. Device version S, Basic and M: Detach DC connection in the device.
- Ensure there is no AC/DC voltage present.
- Check that there is no current using a clip-on ammeter.

### NOTE: Plug connectors may be unplugged under voltage, but never under load.

- 1. Use a screwdriver (blade width 3 mm) to push out the latch on the coupling.
- 2. Leave the screwdriver in place.
- 3. Disconnect the DC connector from the DC socket.

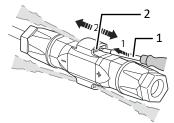


Fig. 75: Unplugging the plug connector

- 1 Screwdriver
- 2 Latch
- Uswitch off DC power supply externally via the combiner box (not supplied) using the DC isolator switch.
- U Ensure that there is absolutely no DC voltage present.
- 1. Remove the protection against contact from the PV+ and PV- terminal.
- 2. Detach the DC cables from the PV+ and PV- terminals.
- 3. Loosen the cable fitting and pull the PV cable through the cable fitting.
- 4. Mount the protection against contact on the PV+ and PV- terminal.
- 5. Place protective caps on the ends of the DC cables.

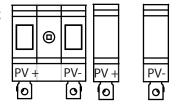


Fig. 76: Disconnecting DC cables

# 12.3 Uninstalling the device



### **⚠** DANGER

#### Dangerous voltage due to two operating voltages

Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and/or terminals/busbars in the device are touched. The discharge time of the capacitors is up to 5 minutes.



- 1. Only appropriately qualified electricians authorised by the mains supply network operator are permitted to open and maintain the device.
- 2. Before opening the device: Disconnect the AC and DC sides and wait at least 5 minutes.
- U Inverter disconnected and secured against restart.
- 1. Unlock and open the housing door.
- 2. Remove the interface cables.
- 3. Detach AC cables from the connection terminals.
- 4. DC cables
  - S, Basic + M version: detach from the connection terminals and furnish with protective caps.
  - XL version: detach from the DC plug connectors and furnish with protective caps.
- ⇒ The device is uninstalled. Proceed with disassembly.



# 12.4 Disassembling the device

- Unit has been switched off and uninstalled.
- 1. Remove the screw that prevents the device from being lifted off the mount.
- 2. Use the lateral openings and lift the device off the mount.
- ⇒ Device removed. Proceed with the packaging process.

# 12.5 Packaging the device

- ☼ Device has been uninstalled.
- 1. If possible, always pack the device in the original packaging. If this is no longer available, an alternative is to use equivalent packaging.
- 2. You must be able to close the box completely and it must be able to accommodate the weight and size of the device.

# 12.6 Storing the device



#### **NOTE**

#### Property damage as a result of condensation

Faulty storage can form condensate in the device and impair the device functioning (e.g. storage outside the ambient conditions or temporary relocation from a cold to a hot environment).

- 1. Prior to installation, check the inner area for condensation and if necessary, allow it to dry sufficiently before installation.
- 2. Store in accordance with the technical data > [See section 4.3] Page 16]
- U Device packaged.
- Store the device at a dry location, in accordance with the ambient temperature range [See section 4.3 Page 16].

KACC

# 13 Disposal



# **A** CAUTION

# Risk to the environment if disposal is not carried out in the correct manner

For the most part, both the device and the corresponding transport packaging are made from recyclable raw materials.

Unit: Do not dispose of faulty devices or accessories together with household waste. Ensure that the old devices and any accessories are disposed of in a proper manner.

Packaging: Ensure that the transport packaging is disposed of properly.



# 14 Service and warranty

If you need help solving a technical problem with one of our KACO products, please contact our service hotline. Please have the following information ready so that we can help you quickly and efficiently:

- Device name / serial number
- Date of installation / Start-up report
- Fault message shown on the display / Description of the fault / Did you notice anything unusual? / What has already been done to analyse the fault?
- Module type and string circuit
- Consignment identification / Delivery address / Contact person (with telephone number)
- Information about the accessibility of the installation site.

You can find the following items and other information at our web site Kaco-newenergy:

- our current warranty conditions,
- a complaint form,
- a form for registering your device. Please register your device without delay. In this manner, you can assist
  us in providing you with the quickest service possible.



#### NOTE

The maximum length of the warranty is based on the currently applicable national warranty conditions.

#### **15 Appendix**

#### 15.1 **EU Declaration of Conformity**

Manufacturer's name and address	KACO new energy GmbH Werner-von-Siemens-Allee 1 74172 Neckarsulm, Germany	
Product description	Photovoltaik-Netzeinspeise-Wechselrichter	
Type designation	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGS	[1001722; 1001751]
[KACO art. No.]	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGM	[1001336; 1001582; 1001613; 1001851]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD HUGM	[1001780]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGB	[1001450; 1001653; 1001730; 1001832; 1001840; 1001850]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD IIGX	[1001430; 1001672; 1001852]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD FRGX	[1001555; 1001581]
	KACO blueplanet 50.0 TL3 M1 WM OD HUGX	[1001781]
Modules	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GB	[1001981]
[KACO art. No.]	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GM	[1001982]
	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD GX	[1001983]
	KACO blueplanet 60.0 TL3 M1 WM OD FRGX	[1001990]

This is to confirm that the units listed above comply with the protection requirements set forth in the Directive of the Council of the European Union of 26th February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU) and the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).

The devices conform to the following standards:

2014/35/EU	Safety of the device
"Directive relating to electrical equipment	EN 62109-1:2010
designed for use within certain voltage lim-	EN 62109-2:2011

#### 2014/30/EU

its"

"Directive relating to electromagnetic com- EN 61000-6-1:2007 patibility"

# Interference immunity

EN 61000-6-2:2005+AC:2005

EN 62920:2017 Class A

### **Emitted interference**

EN 55011:2016+A1:2017 group 1, class A for blueplanet 60.0 TL3 series

EN 55011:2016+A1:2017 group 1, class B for blueplanet 50.0 TL3 series

EN 62920:2017 Class A for blueplanet 60.0 TL3 series EN 62920:2017 Class B for blueplanet 50.0 TL3 series

EN 61000-6-4:2007 + A1:2011 for blueplanet 60.0 TL3 series EN 61000-6-3:2007 + A1:2011 for blueplanet 50.0 TL3 series

Secondary effects on the grid

EN 61000-3-11:2000 EN 61000-3-12:2011



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## 2011/65/EU

"Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment"

#### **RoHS**

EN IEC 63000:2018 (Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic equipment with regard to the restriction of hazardous substances)

The types mentioned above are therefore labelled with the CE mark.

Unauthorised modifications to the supplied devices and/or any use of the devices that is contrary to their intended use render this Declaration of Conformity null and void.

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of KACO new energy GmbH.





